PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.

[illegible]

LOCAL NOTICES.

[illegible]

The Daily Commercial

[illegible]

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. V. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1868. NO. 253.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

THE DEMOCRACY.

A WARM DAY IN NEW YORK.

Tammany Atmosphere Anything but Cool

Assembling of National Democratic Convention.

The Two-thirds Rule Adhered To.

Appointment of Committees and Adjournment.

Horatio Seymour to be Permanent Chairman.

The Pendletonians Get Sundry Backsets

Breaking from the Pendleton Ranks.

A Nomination Possible To-Day.

PREPARATION OF THE PLATFORM.

The Pendleton Men Hopeful Yesterday.

FIRST DISPATCH.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

NEW YORK, July 4, 1868.

Tammany Hall is rapidly filling. There is a tremendous crowd outside. There will be nothing but a temporary organization to-day. The Pendleton men claim large Southern gains. There are no combinations on any single man against him. It looks now as if a nomination might be made on Monday, or Tuesday at farthest.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

NEW YORK, July 4, 12:20 P. M.

The Convention was called to order at nineteen minutes past twelve by August Belmont, in a speech in broken German in accent, and rather halting in delivery, but with a very clear slippery ring. Mayor Hoffman, John T. Cisco, Samuel J. Tilden, Chas. H. McCormick and Gov. Randall are conspicuous on the platform. Henry L. Palmer, of Wisconsin, is temporary Chairman.

THIRD DISPATCH.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

NEW YORK, July 4, 1 P. M.

The first enthusiastic applause drawn out was by Palmer's reference to the presence of delegates from all the States. The next when George McCook moved the customary resolution that, till otherwise ordered, the rules of the [illegible]

[illegible]

Johnson, and that some defections have also been discovered in the Wisconsin delegation.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

NEW YORK, July 5, 1868.

A decided sensation was produced in the Pendleton ranks to-day by an effort to secure the retiracy of one or more delegates and the appointment of certain prominent Democrats in their stead. Wash. McLean is the father of the movement. Yesterday morning he was consulting with his friends as to the policy of retiring from the delegation, assigning as a reason that they needed, above all things, some first-class parliamentarian. Such strong opposition to it was expressed that he was supposed to have abandoned his purpose. Afterwards the delegation went into convention under the leadership of Geo. W. McCook, and McLean complained that it sustained an unfortunate reverse through his blundering. McCook failed to see it, but the delegation was very sore. McLean then went to work to secure a change, but could not well ask others to retire without doing so first himself. Accordingly, after much consultation last night and this morning, a meeting was held to-day at which McLean explained his opinion that the delegation needed experienced parliamentarians, and ought to avail itself of the talent that was accessible, alluding especially to the presence in town of Vallandigham, George E. Pugh and others. He then led off by tendering his resignation. Thereupon Joseph C. Butler, Granville W. Stokes, Jeremiah Williams and John B. Rioss followed his example, and the following gentlemen were immediately elected to fill vacancies thus created: Clement L. Vallandigham, ex-Senator George E. Pugh, Judge Hugh J. Jewett, Senator Allen G. Thurman and General George W. Morgan.

Various explanations are given of these changes. The one given out by the members of the delegation is undoubtedly true, as far as it goes, and there is no question that those of the delegation capable of comprehending such matters were greatly disgusted with McCook's management on Saturday. But it appears that there was another motive for the movement. Vallandigham has been demoralizing the Pendleton influence with Eastern and Southern delegates by his lukewarm support of Pendleton, and scarcely concealed his desire for the nomination of Chase. The Pendleton men felt that the only way Vallandigham could be kept from mischief would be by advancing him to the position of leadership in their ranks. [illegible] It is also doubted whether Pugh or Jewett would not also be willing to accept Chase after making a [illegible] fight for Pendleton and finding his chances gloomy. On the whole it may be concluded that the delegation has gained brains and influence by the changes, and possibly lost devotion. Wash. McLean, however, who is the real organizer of the Pendleton movement, is harder at work than ever, and believes that he can exert more [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] tickets of admission, which had previously been given in at the door by delegates and others.

DEBATE ON ADMITTING TERRITORIAL DELEGATES.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The following is the debate in the Democratic National Convention yesterday, during the call of the States on the question of the admission of Territorial delegates:

On the call of Illinois, Mr. Richardson said Illinois gave her vote as a unit, no.

Mr. Dowdle, of Illinois—I desire to say that thirteen of our delegation desire to vote aye upon that resolution.

Mr. Richardson—The State of Illinois required her delegation in this Convention to vote as a unit, and in compliance with that resolution I cast the vote of Illinois nay.

[illegible]

CHOICE FOR PERMANENT PRESIDENT.

The Committee on Permanent Organization of the Democratic Convention decided last night, [illegible] to make Horatio Seymour permanent President. [illegible]

THE PLATFORM.

[illegible]

THE SOUTHERNERS.

[illegible]

THE NEW YORK DELEGATION.

[illegible]

UNCERTAINTY.

[illegible]

[illegible]

CHURCH TO BE DROPPED.

[illegible]

NO PREFERENCE.

[illegible]

THE OHIO DELEGATION.

[illegible]

SEYMOUR OUT OF THE RACE.

[illegible]

PRESIDENT JOHNSON

[illegible]

CHASE'S FRIENDS AT WORK.

[illegible]

DEMOCRATIC SOLDIERS AND SAILORS' CONVENTION.

Meeting at Cooper Institute, N. Y.

Gen. Franklin Permanent President

An Anti-Pendleton Party.

HANCOCK THEIR CANDIDATE.

Names of Heroes Hissed.

McCLELLAN'S AND A. J.'S CHEERED.

Speeches of Gens. McClernand, Ewing and Franklin.

Adjournment Until Monday.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

NEW YORK, July 4, 1868.

The Conservative Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention [illegible]

[illegible] to have them reported to the other convention before it should organize permanently.

Green Clay Smith thought they were there as allies of the Democrats, and so the resolutions should be passed at once.

Gen. Slocum opposed this so earnestly that the withdrawal mentioned at once took place.

McClernand, as a chairman, was a sad failure, and from the time the temporary organization began till Gen. Ewing was called on for a speech, there was general confusion.

Ewing at once secured the attention of all but McClernand, who soon went to sleep in his chair. Ewing spoke for an hour and a half, and though once overcome with the heat and for a time almost unable to articulate, the Convention insisted that he should go on, and even when the Committee on Permanent Organization interrupted him to say they were ready to report, the audience cried down the committee, and called on Ewing to proceed. Considering the heat, the previous confusion, and the discordant elements, it was as handsome a compliment as such a body could pay a speaker. Of course, his speech was a bitter attack upon Radicalism, but it had the merit of strength and logical arrangement, and was for the most part carefully prepared and well delivered.

The flings at Grant and Sickles, and some of the criticisms upon military courts and conduct of military commanders at the South were well received by most, though not relished by some; but the effect presented in speaking of the course of Hancock brought out such prolonged and hearty cheers as to show plainly the favorite candidate of the Convention.

On the report of the Committee, General Franklin was elected permanent Chairman, according to the programme, and he at once proceeded to read a speech already prepared. It consisted of an attack on radical soldiers, and claimed that it was the duty of those present to uphold the hands of the Democrats, though he insisted that they should nominate a man who had been from the first an unfaltering friend of the soldiers. This was said in a way so pointed that all understood it to refer to Pendleton, and the response to it by the Convention was such as to give no comfort whatever to his followers.

McClernand confined his speech introducing Franklin, almost wholly to the statement that he took pleasure in presenting the man who stood at the head of the class in which General Grant stood near the foot.

The spirit of the body was indicated by its marks of applause and disapproval. Grant, Chase and Sumner were hissed about equally. Butler was groaned heartily, while McClellan, Hancock and Andrew Johnson were handsomely cheered. The whole animus of the movement so far as the leading men are concerned, is a covert, but a bitter attack on Pendleton and an open advocacy of Hancock. Those prominent in the affair think they will exert a very marked influence upon the other Convention, certainly enough to defeat Pendleton on Monday. A platform will be adopted and a great demonstration made upon Tammany.

To Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 4.—The National Convention of Conservative Sailors and Soldiers assembled this morning in the hall of Cooper Institute. The decorations consisted of a broad tricolor encircling the hall, broken at intervals by coats-of-arms of all the States; national flags depending from the capital of the arch-pillars, streamers transversely intersecting the ceiling, and an elaborate grouping of colors in the rear of the platform surmounted by the legend, "Union and the Constitution."

Precisely at sixteen o'clock the colors of the old Fifth Regiment of New York State volunteers and Fifth Zouaves were escorted into the hall, which rapidly filled with delegations from various States, the marching music being furnished by the cornet band which accompanied the Pendleton Club from Cincinnati. Cheers were given for Hancock, McClellan, Grant and Chase, and vociferous cheers for the rank and file of the Union army and navy.

THE ORGANIZATION.

At half-past eleven the meeting was called to order by Gen. McQuade, Chairman of the National Executive Committee, who nominated Maj. Gen. John A. McClernand, of Illinois, as temporary Chairman.

GEN. M'CLERNAND'S SPEECH.

He adverted to the circumstances under which the assemblage was called; he welcomed all true soldiers North and South. In extending the hand of fellowship to their late opponents, however, he remarked, he wished not to be misunderstood; he had nothing to retract of the acts of the Democratic soldiers, in putting forth their best endeavors to suppress the rebellion. These acts had been consistent, and were meritorious; but now that the war was over—now that the Southern disunionists had been overthrown, it was their duty, also, to put down the Radical disunionists of the North. The country, by means of these high handed warriors is on the verge of ruin. No plagues of Egypt surpassed in misery, the fate to which this unhappy country is drifting, and this is the reward for all the weary marches and the bloody battles of the [illegible]

[illegible]

General McMahon nominated General Thomas Ewing, of Ohio, but the motion was lost, and General McClernand, of Illinois, was unanimously elected.

SPEECH OF GEN. EWING.

Gen. Thomas Ewing, Jr., of Ohio, being loudly called for, made his appearance on the platform, and was received with cheers. He congratulated the audience as forming the largest assembly of the kind ever convened in the United States. He proposed to review the history of the dominant party, from the surrender of Lee and the termination of hostilities to the present time. When Lee had given up his sword and Johnston had capitulated, the soil of the old Confederacy was being turned by peaceful ploughs, and not a flag bearing the stars and bars was waved. The rebellion was utterly overthrown—its cause irrevocably lost, and even the Northern expectation of a guerrilla termination of the war was disappointed. The United States Revenue officers were uninterruptedly pursuing their duties, and war was supplanted by a gladly welcome peace that very year. The Southern States themselves accepted the abolition of slavery.

[The Chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization announced W. B. Franklin, of Connecticut, [illegible]]

[illegible]

"RALLY ROUND THE FLAG, BOYS."

At the conclusion of General Ewing's address the band struck up the air "Rally Round the Flag," the chorus being sung by the audience.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

The Committee on Permanent Organization then reported the following list of regular officers.

For Permanent Chairman, Major General Wm. B. Franklin, of Connecticut.

STATE VICE PRESIDENTS AND SECRETARIES.

Maine—Major D. E. Hastings, Col. H. G. Staples.
New Hampshire—General M. T. Donahoe, Captain Coggswell.
Massachusetts—General Luther Stephenson, Major H. G. Waymouth.
Connecticut—Colonel L. G. Kingsbury, Captain H. L. Schlutter.
Rhode Island—General J. G. Hazard, Colonel T. Ford Brown.
New York—General J. W. Blanchard, Colonel J. C. [illegible]
District of Columbia—Colonel F. H. Allenbach, Colonel John E. [illegible]
California—General J. W. Denver, no Secretary.
South Carolina—Lieut. Medav, no Secretary.
West Virginia—Dr. R. A. Vance, Captain G. G. Chene.
Iowa—General J. M. Tuttle, Lieut. R. H. Eddy.
New Mexico—General R. B. Mitchell, Captain G. W. Cook.
Illinois—Colonel R. A. Schartz, Private J. H. Hildreth.
Missouri—Gen. J. S. Fullerton, Col. S. M. Jewell.
Michigan—Major J. Wixan, Major Foster Pratt.
Kentucky—Major W. H. White, Col. W. C. Starr.
Florida—Col. J. C. M'Kibben, no Secretary.
Wisconsin—Gen. M. Montgomery, Lieut. G. W. Bird.
Tennessee—Gen. Theodore Frauevnicht, Lieut. D. Walker.
Alabama—Colonel A. Edwards, Colonel Rutter.
Arkansas—Capt. C. L. Cameron, Capt. William McMahon.
Minnesota—Maj. J. C. Rhodes, Maj. G. A. Clarke.
Indiana—Gen. John Love, Colonel H. S. Crowe.
Dacotah—Gen. J. B. S. Todd, no Secretary.
New Jersey—Gen. Theodore Runyon, Lieut. Col. J. J. Crapin.
Nebraska—Col. John Panick, Capt. C. B. Smith.
Pennsylvania—Gen. Pleasant, Col. J. P. Linten.
Kansas—Col. G. H. English, Dr. J. H. M. Savage.
Ohio—Gen. A. Wiley, Capt. J. R. Santmeyer.
Maryland—Major Leopold Blumenberg, Major A. C. Williams.
Louisiana—General J. B. Steedman, Captain R. S. Davis.
Texas—General Horace Malden.

This list of officers was elected by acclamation.

GENERAL FRANKLIN TAKES THE CHAIR—HIS SPEECH.

General Franklin was escorted to the chair amid cheers.

General McClernand introduced General Franklin as a favorite of the volunteers, and first in the days of General Grant. [Yells and cheers.]

General Franklin thanked the Convention and alluding to his want of civil experience, hoped no difficult questions of order would arise. Secret military organizations were justly looked on with distrust. They were dangerous, and soldiers had no right to use their positions as a political power. What then were they doing in forming an organization of soldiers? First, Was not a secret organization of soldiers thoroughly organized throughout the West, and probably throughout the South? The Grand Army of the Republic was organized for political purposes, and opposed to it is another, and those two might at any time fly at each others' throats, and thus deluge the country with blood. To declare that Conservatives would enter into such organizations was one purpose; to show the country that the Chicago Soldiers and Sailors' Convention, so called, did not represent them, was another. The Radical party pretended to be the friends of the soldiers, but the Radical Senate rejected the Soldiers' nomination. He instanced the cases of Generals McClellan, Slocum and others. No less than two thousand soldiers and sailors had been nominated to the Senate and had been rejected. The Conservative soldiers felt that certain things had been settled by the war. They had felt conciliatory toward their former opponents. The Radicals had been animated with enmity and hate, and judging the future by the past, the only hope of peace was in the success of the Conservative party. They must be prepared to make sacrifices for peace. What they asked of the Convention was a man whom the soldiers and sailors could, without sacrifice of principle, support.

The secretary here announced that the names for Vermont should be Colonel E. T. Cole and Colonel Kennedy.

RESOLUTIONS OFFERED.

A resolution was then offered that all resolutions be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without debate. Various motions were raised in various parts of the hall, the whole house for a time being in confusion. A motion to adjourn was voted down.

The President announced the Committee on Resolutions and Rules.

The Committee on Resolutions submitted the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, During the late rebellion we took up arms on the call of our National Government, relying on the integrity of Congress in its solemn and unanimous declaration, that the object of the war was to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality and rights of all the several States unimpaired and not in any spirit of oppression or for any purpose of conquest or subjugation; and

WHEREAS, Since the rebellion was subdued and the war terminated, the Radical party has, by a fraudulent use of its power and by force of arms, perverted the objects for which the great battles were fought and the victories won by the army and navy of the Union; and

WHEREAS, That party has forfeited all claim to our confidence and support—because it has fraudulently and forcibly kept States out of the Union which the army and navy fought and hosts of our comrades bled and died to keep in—because it has destroyed the dignity and equality and rights of a portion of the States, and continues to treat the people thereof as conquered and subjugated enemies, exercising over them acts of tyranny unparalleled by those of Great Britain which led to and justified before the civilized world the American Revolution; because it has placed a stigma upon the otherwise untarnished honor of the Union soldiers and sailors, by imposing upon those who comprised the late Confederate armies, since their surrender, conditions of degradation in violation of the letter and spirit of the capitulation, when a brave, though misguided foe, laid down their arms, because it has practically suspended, if it has not entirely destroyed, the vital principle of our Federal Republican system of government in ignoring the rights expressly reserved by the Constitution to the States respectively, or to the people, by usurping the constitutional prerogative of the Executive, and by rendering nugatory, through legislation and otherwise, the action of the judiciary, because it has practiced a shameful duplicity by recognizing, as in the Union, and entitled to the high privilege of amending the Federal Constitution for the abolition of slavery, States to which it has denied the right of local legislation and of representation in Congress; because it has organized and continues to operate, under the guise of charity, at an enormous expense, a political machine known as the Freedmen's Bureau, which it has wielded to perpetuate the power of [illegible] under its auspices, [illegible] and has deprived the intelligent people of our own race in the Southern States of the rights of self government, and endeavored to place in authority over them through the power of the bayonet, the negroes, lately slaves, who are neither qualified for such high duties by the endowment of nature nor by education; because it is guilty of gigantic defalcation and the grossest corruption in the collection and management of the public treasure, and perversely refuses to permit the same to be investigated and exposed; because it has practiced a wanton profligacy in the public expenditures which stands without a parallel in history, and threatens an irretrievable National bankruptcy; because it has been partial and oppressive in its measures of financial taxation and currency, and has inaugurated thereby a system of [illegible] robbery that makes the rich richer, and the poor poorer, and because it is guilty of manifold other sins of omission and commission not necessary to be recited herein; therefore,

Resolved, That the great principles in defense of which we took arms having been practically abandoned by the Radical party, we respectfully and urgently appeal to the Democratic party, now in National Convention assembled in this city, to nominate a candidate for the Presidency of such known antecedents as will enable us consistently with our action during the war to co-operate cordially with it in restoring the States to their rights in the Union, and redeeming the integrity, fraternity, prosperity and glory of the American republic. We desire only an honorable participation in the achievement of that great victory of peace that is to heal the grievous wounds of the war.

AN ESCORT.

General McQuade said he had understood that the veterans of New York proposed, on Monday, to assemble to escort the delegates to this hall. He would suggest that the delegates meet at Union Square at 9½ o'clock Monday morning. He therefore moved that when they adjourned, they should adjourn to meet at 9:30 at Union square. The motion was carried.

General T. Runyon suggested that it was a matter of some importance that the procession should be as large as possible. Fifteen hundred veterans proposed to come here from Newark, but they could not do it.

General McQuade thought they could march down to meet the Newark delegation. This seemed to be the sense of the meeting.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The Chairman announced the following as the National Executive Committee:

Kentucky, Colonel C. D. Pennebaker.
New Hampshire, Gen M. Y. Dunahue.
District of Columbia, Col. J. B. O'Brien.
West Virginia, G. G. Chase.
New York, Gen. Jas. McQuade.
Tennessee, Col. F. R. Cahill.
Minnesota, Col. C. S. Uline.
Delaware, Capt. J. M. Barr.
Connecticut, Maj. J. R. Cost.
Maine, Col. W. W. Bradbury.
Pennsylvania, Gen. S. M. Sinlecke.
Wisconsin, Brig. Gen. E. S. Bragg.
Nebraska, Major J. W. Paddock.
New Mexico, Gen. E. C. Cutler.
Illinois, Brig. Gen. G. C. Rogers.
Ohio, Gen. L. D. Campbell.
Massachusetts, Col. E. C. Kingsley.
Indiana, Col. R. S. Shaw.
Iowa, Capt. R. W. Cross.
Maryland, Maj. F. W. Dorsey Herbert.
Rhode Island, Gen. J. G. Hazard.
Arkansas.
Kansas, Gen. Hugh Cameron.
Mississippi, Capt. B. C. Burne.
New Jersey, Gen. Theodore Runyon.

One of the delegates objected, saying that the army was very fully represented on the lists of the committees, but the navy did not seem to be represented.

The President announced that if the gentlemen present would nominate sailors, one would be placed on each committee.

SERGEANT BATES.

Another delegate suggested that Sergeant Bates, who since the war carried the Union flag through the Southern States, was present, and should be invited to the floor.

While waiting for Mr. Bates, the President directed the Committee on Resolutions to retire to receive the resolutions, and till then ruled that the resolutions were out of order.

A point of order was taken that other business was in order. [Cries of lay it on the table. Order; order.

A delegate appealed from the President's ruling, but it was sustained.

General Green Clay Smith offered a resolution that the widows and orphans of soldiers and sailors were the wards of the nation, and if any creditors of the Government were to be paid in gold, they, above all others, should have the preference. The rules were suspended and the resolution passed.

A variety of resolutions were handed up to the President amid motions to adjourn, and confused cries of "Order; reading; no; yes."

ADJOURNMENT TILL MONDAY.

Ultimately the President took a vote on the motion to adjourn, and declared the Convention adjourned pursuant to General McQuade's resolution.

Galvanized Lightning Rod.

A new device to deceive the ignorant has lately been introduced, consisting of an iron rod galvanized with zinc. This has been pushed into all parts of the country of late, and as it has a neat and substantial appearance many persons look no further. Scientific investigation proves zinc to be little superior to iron as a conductor, and experience proves this rod to be absolutely dangerous. In Rochester, Pa., in Wheeling, West Va., and other places, houses which had this galvanized rod put up on them this summer were struck and badly damaged. The building at Wheeling was almost ruined. We urge the public to buy only the Munson Copper Rod, which has stood the test of a dozen years, and is constantly growing in favor.

CATARRH AND TUBERCULOSIS.

Additional Testimony from Dr. Falconer.

DR. E. S. ABORN, Smithfield street, Pittsburgh—Dear Doctor: I am now almost well of the terrible attack of Catarrh and Tuberculosis which I had when I applied to you for advice. I have always disliked advertising very much, and yet it was your advertisement that got me for a patient.

I am convinced by careful study of the new system of atomization, that if well carried out, we gain a thousand years' march upon Catarrh and Disease of the Lungs. So please to count me in as an enthusiastic disciple of the new system, and an admirer of the simple, straightforward means by which we now reach disease of the Lungs and surrounding tissue.

For more than *forty-five years* I have been used to the Allopathic practice, for twelve years located in Lawrenceville, and favorably received, and honored with business by the citizens. Yours, respectfully,

A. FALCONER,
Practical Apothecary, Lawrenceville.

A Speedy Cure of Deafness.

Having been deaf for several years, I applied to Dr. E. S. Abern, 134 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., and in three days after commencing the Doctor's treatment I could distinctly hear the ticking of a watch with both ears.

HUGH MCCONAUGHY,
Washington County, Penna.

June 25th, 1868.

June 30—I am still improving rapidly.

H. McC.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

WASHINGTON.

North Carolina Representatives.

THE TAX BILL IN THE SENATE.

Impeachment Investigation Report

Stevens's New Impeachment Project.

Special Dispatch to Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5, 1868.

North Carolina

The North Carolina Representatives elect are all in town but one. The Senators cannot properly be chosen till the 14th inst., which is the second Tuesday after the assembling of the Legislature, but some Congressmen advise an immediate election, and hold that the Senate, by its action in the Florida case, had pledged itself not to apply the general law to these special cases of reconstruction. The Representatives will present their credentials to the House to-morrow, and hope to be sworn in on Tuesday or Wednesday. They will at once lay before the President, as required by law, official notification that the pending Constitutional amendment has been ratified.

The Tax Bill.

The tax bill comes up in the Senate to-morrow at one o'clock. Mr. Sherman, Chairman of the Finance Committee, will make a short speech, and says he hopes to get the bill through in the course of the week. There is likely to be a good deal of debate on the bank tax question. The committee hold a meeting to-morrow morning to consider further propositions, and several amendments will probably be brought in before the measure is finished. A good many members of the House are opposed to the action of the committee in killing the tobacco warehouse system.

The Impeachment Report.

Butler's impeachment investigation report has not caused much stir, but its revelations destroy any possible chance that Perry Fuller had for confirmation as Commissioner of Internal Revenue. None of the testimony, except such as was embodied in the report, has been made public. An effort will probably be made in the House to-morrow to get it all out, but Butler is likely to successfully resist the effort on the ground that the Committee has reported only in part, and has not concluded its investigation.

Adjournment.

The question of adjournment is a good deal discussed among members of Congress. Many believe they can get away from here two weeks from to-morrow, but Speaker Colfax and other leaders think it will be necessary to remain about three weeks longer. Many of the committees will not be called again. A large amount of half finished business is sure to go over. The chances are that there will not be a quorum in the lower branch to-morrow.

The New York Conventon.

President Johnson's friends are a good deal elated with the turn things are taking at the New York Convention. They profess to see some considerable chance for his nomination, and are certain he will receive a very hearty indorsement. General advices here are, however, to the effect that Pendleton is coming out ahead.

Impeachment Again.

Thad. Stevens declares that he will bring forward his new impeachment project this week. He has five articles of a general character, and wants to get in a three column speech.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4, 1868.

THE CHEROKEE NEUTRAL LANDS

Senator Harlan received to-day a telegram from a friend, dated Macon, Mo., who says:

"I have been through the Cherokee neutral lands in various directions, and talked with hundreds of settlers. All are pleased with the prospects of a railroad through the country, and say this is the best thing that can be done for them. We shall have them for friends instead of enemies."

NORTH CAROLINA.

A telegram from Gen. Canby, dated the 3d, to Gen. Grant, says the constitutional amendment was ratified by the Legislature of North Carolina yesterday, and this morning the following instructions were sent to commanding officers in that State: "You will abstain from the exercise of any authority under the reconstruction laws, except so far as may be necessary to clear up any unfinished business, and you will not interfere in civil matters unless the execution of the law of June 25th, 1868, should be obstructed by unlawful and forcible opposition to the inauguration of the new State government. Detailed instructions and orders will be sent to you in a day or two. This, of course, will not interfere with any action in case of insurrection or other disorder, beyond the control of the civil authorities. In all such cases report your action at once, using the telegraph when the urgency of the case requires it."

The floods lately in Jamaica have been very destructive to roads, houses and crops, and several lives are reported lost. Sugar grinding in the estates in the interior had been finished. Prest Bary, of St. Domingo, has issued a proclamation declaring all persons who have left the country since his arrival outlaws. The leaders of the reaction at Puerta Platta are becoming bold, and the refugee adherents of Cabral are returning from their hiding places.

In Venezuela the revolutionists attacked Caracas on the 26th ult., at two in the morning. The steamer which brings the news left before the result of the assault was known. The revolutionists made an attack in force, The besieged were defending themselves heroically, but were entirely outnumbered by the revolutionists.

For additional Telegraph see 4th page.

DIED:

CRAWFORD—On Saturday evening, July 4, 1868, at 8½ o'clock, DAVID CRAWFORD, aged thirty-three years, three months and nine days.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 793 Penn street, THIS AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock

WILT—On Sunday morning, July 5th, at twenty minutes past 5 o'clock, EMMA R., infant daughter of William S. and Lizzie A. Wilt, aged eleven months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, 345 Pennsylvania avenue, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Services to commence at half-past two.

Harrisburg papers please copy.

Advertisements on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, &c. *will be inserted at transient rates only—*TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—TO BORROW—From twenty to thirty thousand dollars; mortgage on property worth over five times the amount. Address N. C., Commercial office.

WANTED—TO CONTRACT—Immediately, to contract with a responsible party to manufacture 1,500 Hollow Dash Atmospheric Churns. Call at once on J. C. TILTON, No 10½ St. Clair street. tf

WANTED—SITUATION—To Sheet Iron Manufacturers and Galvanizers. A Gentleman connected for the past sixteen years with the first Galvanizing establishment in New York City, and thoroughly conversant with the business, is desirous of associating himself with a house in the same line, or with those who wish to commence such a business. Address J. M., 22 Leroy street, New York City. eod

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

249. IMMEDIATE EMPLOYMENT for two Blacksmiths, two Tinsmiths, two Gardeners, fifty Railroad Laborers, free transportation, and twenty Servant Girls.

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10 shares Second National Bank;
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The Daily Commercial

MONDAY, JULY 6, 1868.

THE COMMERCIAL is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.

As proof of the estimate placed on the market reports of the COMMERCIAL, we will state that they are regularly copied by the New York Economist, Shipping List, Iron Age, and other papers of this character in that and other cities, and that leading English commercial papers and circulars regularly reprint them with credit. There is within five hundred miles, hardly an iron factory, oil refinery, or leading manufactory of any kind that is not a subscriber to the COMMERCIAL, principally, because its reports are the only full and reliable ones of the Pittsburgh markets.

National Union Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
SCHUYLER COLFAX.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL OF PENNA.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL OF PENNA.
JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.
JAMES S. NEGLEY.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE.
G. Morrison Coates, of Philadelphia.
Thos. M. Marshall, of Pittsburgh.

District.		District.	
1.	W. H. Barnes,	13.	Samuel Snow,
2.	W. J. Pollock,	14.	B. F. Wagonseller,
3.	Richard Wildey,	15.	Chas. H. Miller,
4.	G. W. Hill,	16.	George W. Elder,
5.	Watson P. McGill,	17.	John Stewart,
6.	J. H. Bringhurst,	18.	A. G. Olmsted,
7.	Frank C. Hooton,	19.	James Sill,
8.	Isaac Eckert,	20.	H. C. Johnson,
9.	Morris Hooper,	21.	J. K. Ewing,
10.	David M. Rank,	22.	Wm. Frew,
11.	Wm. Davis,	23.	A. W. Crawford,
12.	W. W. Ketcham.	24.	J. S. Rutan.

COUNTY TICKET.

SENATOR—JAMES L. GRAHAM.
ASSEMBLY—GEORGE WILSON, MILES S. HUMPHREYS, VINCENT MILLER, JAMES TAYLOR, SAMUEL KERR, GEORGE F. MORGAN.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—ALFRED L. PEARSON.
ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY—J. B. FLACK.
COUNTY CONTROLLER—HENRY LAMBERT.
COUNTY COMMISSIONER—JONATHAN NEELEY.
COUNTY SURVEYOR—R. L. McCULLY.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—J. G. MURRAY.

THE fact that HORATIO SEYMOUR persists in refusing to be a candidate, is conclusive that in his estimation the election of GRANT is a foregone conclusion. He belongs to the order of men who never decline an opportunity and never run for office when there is no prospect of an election. This is the real significance of Mr. SEYMOUR's course.

THE Southern delegation in the Democratic Convention have succeeded in frightening their brethren, who declare that it is no way to act to fold their arms and refuse to say who they are for. They are accused of intending to control the final action of the Convention, and it looks as though they would not wholly fall short of their purpose, if this it is.

MR. JOHNSON's Amnesty Proclamation, considered as a bid for the Democratic nomination, is not a success. His chances have not been more visible since than they were before the performance. Considered as a step in the path in which the "humble individual" has been traveling for nearly four years, it is quite natural, and a consistent fulfillment of the loud threats to punish traitors and make treason odious. In no respect does the Proclamation cause a ripple on the surface.

WHEN it was proposed to issue greenbacks PENDLETON denounced them as unconstitutional and worthless. Now, however, he would turn every thing into greenbacks. The holders of $[illegible] greenbacks would most likely wish to know how they were to be redeemed, but on this point the oracle is silent. Mr. PENDLETON at the beginning having voted that they were unconstitutional and worthless, the logical conclusion, even though there was nothing else—would be that he intends to settle the whole question, debt and all, by repudiating them.

WE have received General BUTLER's report, on the part of the Impeachment managers, concerning the use of corrupt means to clear the President. It contains nothing material that has not been printed; but the facts and inferences are put together with extraordinary expertness. It is impossible to resist the conclusion that corrupt means were employed. The committee have realized how difficult it is to convict men of anything who have the swearing in their own hands; and whoever reads the report, although convinced of the main fact as to corruption, will also realize that it was solely because the guilty parties had the swearing to do that they were not left without anything to stand on.

EVERYBODY has heard of "the nigger in the wood pile," but who ever believed that a genuine Ethiopian, a fully accredited delegate, with an actual constituency, would turn up in a Democratic National Convention? Such, however, hot as is the weather, is the naked truth and burning shame. The negro's name is JOE WILLIAMS, and he is from the State of Tennessee. He has his papers, and is the colleague of General FORREST, who, before the war, was the most extensive professional slave trader in all the South, and during the war, more especially at Fort Pillow, the most successful exterminator of the negro race of whom we have any knowledge. In these and kindred respects he is the most distinguished member of the Convention, but for all that Joe is said to feel not a little ashamed of him, and quite disposed to cut his acquaintance. However it may be between these two Tennessee delegates, we are confident we shall hear from the party no more about this being "a white man's government." Who ever believed that things would come to this pass in the bosom of the Democracy, whose creed has every time been that the negro has no rights which a white man is bound to respect? We shall expect to see FORREST and nigger Joe take a conspicuous part in the proceedings of the Convention.

THE roster of the preliminary speeches and resolutions in the Democratic Convention in New York is vividly reminded of Chicago four years ago. With the addition of the whipped though not repentant rebel Generals, the same leaders who figured then are pulling the wires now. It was at the most critical period of the war, as it is now the most critical period in our civil affairs. The Republicans were denounced as incapable of prosecuting the war to a successful conclusion. Peace at any price, even the recognition of Southern independence, was resolutely demanded. The denunciations of the Republicans now are pitched in the same key, and made all the stronger by the united affirmations of scores of rebels, who, four years ago, were in arms against the government, like FORREST, HILL, VANCE, HAMPTON, and by the fervent ejaculations of such patriots as RHETT, CHESNUT and other original disunionists and Fire Eaters, who, with many more, are welcomed with all the honors as delegates to the Convention for selecting the standard bearer and expounding the faith of the Democratic Party. They who four years ago pronounced the war "a failure," are not expected to be satisfied with any thing that they who fought it through and saved the country have done or can do. The [illegible] having got together, the [illegible] against the Republicans must necessarily be all the more ferocious. The speeches and resolutions are a natural cross between the copperhead of the Chicago Convention stripe and the insolent rebel whom Sumner sent "whirling up the valley." To the proceedings at Chicago very little need be added by the New York Convention of 1868 to make them perfect; and that little the RHETTS, the HAMPTONS, the FORRESTS, the GORDONS and the CHESNUTS are on hand to add.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Out of the mass of reports from the Democratic Convention two or three things can be very distinctly made out. While the uncertainty as to the nominee is as great as ever—the chances of PENDLETON having been lessened—the antagonistic elements in the Convention and the party have developed hourly for the last four days. The determination by the New York Democrats to defeat PENDLETON's nomination at all hazards is not disguised. The indications on the part of his friends of a disposition not to submit to such a result, and on the part of his opponents not to submit to his nomination are equally among the signs which hourly become more and more conspicuous. To PENDLETON and his greenpaper doctrine the members of the party do not intend to submit, and any other candidate, more especially any other platform, the Pendletonites are equally resolved to oppose. On this line the forces have been drawn out and are being drilled.

Saturday night seemed to have witnessed a material diminution in PENDLETON's chances, without those of any other candidate improving correspondingly. The CHASE men are said to stick to their faith, though their works are not much seen by ordinary men. The New York delegation are said to be preparing to bring forward a new man in the person of SANFORD E. CHURCH—a sort of second class SEYMOUR of purely local fame.

A Democrat has a natural talent for supporting the ticket, especially after so long a period of forced abstinence from the spoils. For him the flesh pots have attractions that nothing else has; but the issue introduced by PENDLETON has produced a state of things extremely trying to the cohesive power usually so potent. A dispatch in the PENDLETON interest declares that the greenback plank will certainly be in the platform. This or nothing is the threat of its supporters,—and the response of its opponents is that nothing will be the result if it goes in.

SEYMOUR is to be the permanent President of the Convention, but he insists that he will not be a candidate.

Pennsylvania will not cast her vote for Mr. PENDLETON—a test vote of the delegation being eighteen for and thirty-four against him. The reason is that DAWSON, who is a relative of General CASS, and others, are striving to procure his nomination for the Vice Presidency, and of course they are opposed to HANCOCK. The *Tribune* describes the situation in the Pennsylvania camp as follows:

> The delegation held another meeting [illegible] The delegation named the Hon. Francis W. Hughes on the Committee on Resolutions.

DEMOCRATIC SAVIORS.

A doubtful kind of saviors for the nation are to be found at the Democratic Convention; saviors that savor strongly of rebellion, of slavery with its attendant horrors, of the crime of the terrible war with all its horrid concomitants, and these saviors are marshaled to the front as patterns of modern Democracy. What a savor they send forth, savoring of immoral pestilence and death.

At the head of the Tennessee list is General N. B. FORREST. His record shows that up to the commencement of "the little unpleasantness" that cost so much blood and treasure, FORREST was a *dealer in slaves*—in the firm of FORREST, JONES & Co., of 89 Adams street, Memphis. He is a genuine Democrat, hates the nigger with intensity. If it were possible to show the kindness of the firm to the slaves they trafficked in, no doubt some fine traits of character might be found to adorn the record of FORREST. How he loved the nigger he showed at *Fort Pillow*. FORREST was the General who captured that Fort; the man who ordered the massacre that took place; who ordered the slaying of all the colored men that were there found. This is one savior in assembly in New York trying to teach us how to save the nation. His compeers from Tennessee, except the negro man JOE, are beaten men for Congressional honors.

WADE HAMPTON, one of the leaders of the rebellion in South Carolina, who not only did much to make secession a verity, but lent his aid and sanction to continue the war, stands at the head of delegates from that State. He is supported by CHESNUT, who resigned his seat in Congress to enter into rebellion, and was one of the authors of the South Carolina ordinance of secession. Then we find BURROWS and KERSHAW, rebel soldiers, B. F. PERRY, some time Provisional Governor, ALDRICH and RHETT, members of the State Legislature when secession was passed. Truly this is a fine band of saviors from South Carolina. Mr. RHETT, not many days since, declared the kind of platform the South would accept; sounded threats of another rebellion if they could not have their way; bid defiance to the North in her policy of maintaining laws and good government in a manner that could not be mistaken; and thus South Carolina and Tennessee teach by way of delegations. The delegations from Georgia, North Carolina, Florida and Missouri bristle with rebel Generals and Majors. The mention of their names will be sufficient. Georgia, ex-rebel General J. B. GORDON; North Carolina, Z. B. VANCE, J. W. MOORE and W. W. RANSOM, all ex-rebel Generals. Florida, FORNE and VAN NESS, Majors in the rebel army. Missouri, PRICE, late General of the rebel army. Alabama sends two ex-rebel Governors; Virginia, all [illegible] rebels; California, Delaware, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Iowa, Massachusetts and New York [illegible] sympathizers.

In this [illegible] offering that can bring peace to the nation? Has the [illegible] they forgotten the past? [illegible] of Fort Pillow [illegible] Will RHETT [illegible] those the Generals, Majors [illegible] none of the States in rebellion [illegible] changed their hate to free institutions? Is not the presence of such a mass of [illegible] rebels pregnant with proof of the [illegible] of the same unrepenting, diabolical [illegible] that had fearful sway in the past?

Those chosen in preference to moderate men are those that pretend to teach a nation how it should be governed. These, with the blood of loyal men scarcely wiped from their garments, come to deliberate on how they shall teach the North. There is the same struggle for mastery. They remember the time when they clutched the offices of the States; when the government was at their mercy, and who would, if they had the power drive back the nation to the Egyptian bondage preceding the war. Behold the teachers, ye whom they wish to teach. In the campaign, shatter by ballots their expectations of rule, as their treasonable intents in the past were destroyed by bullets. Democracy represents rebellion now against lawful authority, only wanting opportunity to exercise its teeth and claws.

The Reasons.

The Committee of Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, in reporting the ten per cent. tax bill, gave to what ought to be a death blow. They declare that they are unable to find in the statute books of any country in the civilized world a word that could be regarded in any way as a precedent for the bill which if enacted will be simply a law providing for the payment of a rate of interest on the government debt ten per cent. less than was agreed; for ten per cent. less than is stated in the bonds, and ten per cent. less than was pledged to be paid by the solemn enactment of Congress when the money was required to carry on a war which threatened the life of the nation." The committee proceed to say:

> The evil effect resulting to a nation, whether [illegible] national credit [illegible] to the national character.

WITH the exception of Gerrit Smith, no Republican is known to have indicated that he will support Mr. Chase, if he is the Democratic candidate. Richard Parsons, Esq., of Cleveland, a bosom friend of the Chief Justice, in a speech a few days ago, said that he loved and honored Mr. Chase, but declared that he should not "follow him out of the Republican party." If he should prove false, said Mr. Parsons, Mr. Chase would not take him with him. Mr. Parsons did not believe that Mr. Chase would be the candidate of the Democratic party. He knew he would not be the candidate of a third party. But in either event, Mr. Parsons himself proposed to stand by the good old Republican party.

THE finances of Tennessee are in a serious muddle. The money deposited in New York to pay the July interest on the State debt has been seized by certain creditors, and the comptroller has positively refused to pay interest on the bonds held by citizens of the State. The Comptroller declared emphatically that he would not pay a dollar of interest to any one. There has been a serious misunderstanding between the members of the State Board of Finance, which resulted in the withdrawal some months ago of the Comptroller and Secretary Fletcher, and it is believed by many that this quarrel is at the bottom of their present financial disaster.

A REVIVAL of business is predicted and spoken of as about to commence by the New York papers. The surplus capital must have an outlet. Exchange is now in favor of the West, whereas the reverse is usually the fact. The maturing crops will bring out vast sums to move them, and the flow of money westward, now beginning, will continue for some time. An abundant harvest will add many millions to the active wealth of the country and put in circulation millions of money, whereby all departments of trade will receive a favorable influence.

THE ingratitude of Republics has its latest illustration in the fact that Dan Rice is not likely to receive a single vote in the Democratic Convention, while Packer is to receive the compliment of the entire vote of the State. Dan's fame is world-wide—but who knows Packer? Dan sent out a regiment during the war, has kept a silent school for mules and other equally intelligent animals, and done innumerable clever things, in and out of the ring—but what has Packer done? Henceforth Dan's theme will be the ingratitude of Republics!

THE severest trial which any considerable number of Democrats have yet been called on to endure, was that imposed by the New York Excise Law yesterday. All the bars being closed, the "*normal condition*" suffered fearfully. Extensive emigration parties proceeded across Hudson river continually, and Jersey lightning was in brisk demand. The members of the Pendleton escort are represented as being in a frame of mind absolutely frightful to contemplate. The swearing at Flanders was nothing in comparison with the intellectual exercitations of this already famous body of men.

TWO witnesses, Charles Marshall and George T. Betts, have turned State's evidence, and disclosed the facts connected with the murder by the Ku Klux Klan of Mr. Ashburn, a leading Georgia Unionist. The witnesses state that the murder was on account of Mr. Ashburn's political sentiments, and the killing was deliberately planned and cruelly executed by Democrats who will have a delegate in the National Convention to-day in New York.

IT is said that the Democratic Convention, the races of the American Jockey Club and the Schuetzenfest have brought to New York a greater number of strangers than were ever gathered there. Nevertheless so vast is the extent of the city, and ample the accommodations, that their presence is not felt. That is, nobody is necessarily crowded. Whereas the New Yorkers say, and truly, that any other city on the continent would be overflowed and be rendered miserable.

THE old sore has broken out again, according to the following from the *Herald*, which we do not doubt tells the truth:

> "Let the people take notice, therefore, that this is the origin of their cause in the Convention [illegible] Chief Justice Chase."

Funny, isn't it?

MR. GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN having been surrendered by his bail, is in the debtors' prison again. He was before the Court of Bankruptcy the day before he was lodged in jail, when the Queen's counsel spoke of him as a man who "owed everything to everybody, and had nobody owing him anything." Better remand the fellow to a lunatic asylum, or let him go entirely.

The Registry and Disfranchising Law.

The opinion of Judge Thompson, declaring the new registry law unconstitutional, is opposed by Judges Read and Agnew, and when the case is reviewed by the Court in *Banc*, Judge Thompson's position may be found untenable. The bill is crude without doubt, and some of its provisions are improperly expressed, but the right of the legislature to make such laws will be ultimately sustained.

Judge Strong doubts that a man who was not tried and convicted as a deserter has a right to vote, so all drafted men who did not report for duty are entitled to the elective franchise. Judges Thompson and Sharswood concur, and Judges Read and Agnew dissent.

THE Cincinnati *West and South*, a Democratic organ, gives in a nutshell the Pendleton scheme of paying the bondholders by debasing the currency of the people, as follows: "All political economists agree that every arbitrary increase in the amount of currency is at the expense of the value of this forced circulating medium. Resting upon this admitted truth, we ask, is it right and proper to disturb three dollars' worth of private wealth, with a view to adjusting one dollars' worth of a financial problem? Why, for the purpose of paying $2,000,000,000 of a public debt, disturb the pecuniary relations of $7,000,000,000 of a private indebtedness, and every article of [illegible] $[illegible] of the annual transactions of trade?"

SEVERAL great corporations are in the market with their bonds. The Illinois Railroad Company is inviting an increase of its capital some two millions of dollars by sale of stock. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is offering five and a quarter millions of new stock. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company is asking for two millions. The Camden and Amboy in the last two years has added twenty per cent. to its capital, and several of the New York and Western Railroad Companies a much greater per centage.

A BOURBON conspiracy is said to be brewing in Southern Italy to restore Francis, the son of the late Ferdinand, to the throne of the Two Sicilies. Rome is the headquarters of the projected revolutionary conspiracy to break up the kingdom of Victor Emanuel, and bring about a restoration of the exiled royal families. The principal agents of the Bourbons, now so busy at Rome, are said to be the priests.

TENNESSEE is in a bad way. Last Monday night about a hundred of the villains, in complete disguise, took a colored prisoner out of the jail at Pulaski, and murdered him in the streets. The body was pierced by about thirty balls. The authorities [illegible] preliminary examination before the magistrate.

WHAT a crew there must be in the Democratic camp, with such leaders as the following: [illegible] Pomeroy, John Morrissey, Henry Clay Dean, Vallandigham, Senator Saulsbury, Geo. E. Pugh, Senator elect Thurman, Hugh J. Hastings, General Forrest, and others of equal distinction.

THE Cincinnati *Enquirer* is sanguine. It says: "We have our private dispatches from the most intelligent parties in New York, which satisfy us that the nomination of Mr. Pendleton is a foregone conclusion. General Hancock will be nominated for Vice President."

THE Chinese Ambassadors are wise. They secure a good many hours sleep, and will not be disturbed.

CASES of yellow fever and cholera are devastating in Havana.

PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURES.

Lippincott & Bakewell's Shovel, Ax and Saw Factory.

In an article published about the middle of last April, alluding to the network of iron, steel and glass works which line the banks of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers, we estimated the various establishments engaged in the manufacture of articles of iron and steel at eight hundred. The stranger who visits Pittsburgh in search of these establishments which have earned us the title of the Iron City, will require skillful piloting, else many of the largest establishments, owing to their out-of-the-way locality, will be entirely overlooked. Perhaps no representative establishment in the city is quite so easily overlooked as that which heads this article. This fact is neither owing to its youth or proportions. An establishment which is fairly out of its teens, and which covers four acres of ground must, as a matter of course, possess individual characteristics. These acres, however, are screened from the eye of the seeker after novelties by two hills, which formerly environed, but now form a part of the city. After one has left the busy part of the town behind him, and just when he is attracted by the handsome finish of elegant residences upon either side of him, glancing down to his right, if he is upon Center avenue, or to his left if upon the road to Oakland, he catches a glimpse, and only a glimpse at the chimneys and roof of Lippincott & Bakewell's Works. To obtain anything like an idea of the proportions of the Works, one must enter the valley in which they are located, through which Dinwiddie street extends from Center to Pennsylvania avenue.

We said the establishment possessed individual characteristics. These characteristics are embraced in various mechanical appliances for the manufacture of shovels, spades, axes and saws; all intensely common place articles, intensely practical, but also intensely useful. In our opinion they are worth a vast deal more to the world than Archimedes's famous lever, were it at our disposal. The world can very well spare the one; but the ruts in the high road of progress and civilization could never be closed up without the aid of the others. For our part we regard the pick and the shovel not as mere levelers, but as civilizers, performing as much in their own way in behalf of civilization as the ax, the saw, or the plane. The reader will infer from the foregoing that it was with no little interest that we observed the various processes involved in the manufacture of the articles made in this establishment, beginning with

THE SAW FACTORY.

The manufacture of a cross-cut, circular, mill or muley saw involves the following processes: 1. The teeth are cut, or rather punched, in the plain saw plate. 2. The teeth are filed. 3. The saw is next placed in a heating furnace, heated uniformly and suddenly submerged in oil. 4. The saw is then hammered upon an anvil until it is perfectly level. 5. From the anvil it is taken to the grind stone to be ground smooth and polished. 6. In the last mentioned process the saw sometimes "buckles" or gets out of line, a defect which is remedied by a second hammering process.

The punching and shearing machines are constructed in one frame in such a manner as to be operated by a single shaft. The first mentioned punches the teeth at the rate of thirty per minute, and cuts seventy-five different sizes and shapes. The latter, we may explain, are regulated by the dies and punches. [illegible] machine; both are operated by steam. After the teeth are filed the saws are conveyed to

THE TEMPERING ROOM,

A separate building containing a number of oil vats, and a large reverberatory furnace, in which the saws are heated to a perfectly uniform heat, by a process invented by one of the proprietors. The value of this invention will be understood from the following: Formerly, a large circular saw was placed flat upon the tiles composing the floor of the furnace, where, despite the efforts of the workmen to prevent the evils resulting from the known tendency of the plates to "buckle" or warp, those portions of the steel resting upon the tiles became heated to a greater degree than the other parts of the plate. Reversing the plate, (were that feasible,) or turning it half, or completely around would not remedy the evil, or insure the uniform heat required, hence saws heated in this manner rarely, if ever, possess a uniform temper, and uniformity of temper in a saw is the great desideratum. Therein lies the secret. A saw lacking this uniformity when running at full speed is very apt to break just when it is fairly "warmed up" to its work. While your uniformly tempered saw, like a well trained, well-groomed, thoroughly seasoned horse is equal and reliable in its performance. An extra speed effects it no more than the ordinary every day jog-trot. It is good for a full days work as long as there is room left in its teeth.

The process alluded to enables the workman to subject every part of the plate to the action of the heat in such a manner as to insure a perfectly uniform heat. When the plate is taken from the furnace, the eye of the most experienced forger or blacksmith would fail to detect a shade of difference in the heat. The plate is now plunged into the oil vat. [All the saws manufactured in this establishment are tempered in oil.] A very few moments suffice to temper the plate, when it is lifted out suddenly, and the dripping oil removed with a large brush. While in the tempering room we observed two large circular saws tempered, the largest of which measured five and a half feet in diameter. These were plunged in a vat eighty-four inches wide and eighty-six inches deep. The largest circular saw ever made in the country was tempered in this vat.[*]

THE HAMMERING.

From the tempering room the saws are next conveyed to the hammering room, in which we counted twelve anvils. If there is skill and experience exhibited in the tempering room, much more seems to be requisite in handling the hammer. All the saws are more or less "dished" or warped when brought to the last department, where they are rendered perfectly level by repeated blows from a peculiarly constructed hammer. The anvil upon which the saw is placed is but little larger than an ordinary blacksmith's anvil. The tools used are simply a hammer and level. After the saws are ground and polished, they are brought back to the hammer man to be "blocked." In grinding and polishing, the saws sometimes exhibit a tendency to "buckle," which is counteracted by the "blocking" process. The polished saw is placed upon the anvil, the level applied, the unevenness detected, and the same removed by a few smart blows from a hammer with an oblong square face upon either end, and constructed in such a manner that by reversing the hammer the blows struck form a square, or, to render it clearer, cross each other alternately. From the anvils the saws are removed to

THE GRINDING STONES,

Where they are ground smooth preparatory to the polishing process. We observed in this department an ingenious invention, patented by the proprietors, which grinds long saws faster than six men and six stones can grind them by the old process, and, what is still better, more uniformly. This machine grinds from twenty-five to thirty muley saws a day, is easily managed, and not liable to get out of repair. The circular saws are ground in such a manner as to render the surface uniform, the sides of the plates being held alternately against the face of the grind stone in such a manner as to accommodate their movements to that of the stone, the plate being turned by two rollers, which hold it firmly in its position. They are next removed to the emery wheels, where they are polished until they resemble polished mirrors, when they pass through the "blocking" process already described, and are then ready for their "mission." All the steel used in the manufacture of these saws is of the very best quality.

AN ITEM FOR MILL MEN.

One of the greatest improvements introduced in mills recently is the improved buckle for tight strained, thin saws. This buckle holds the end of the saw as firmly and evenly as though it were held in a vise, and at the same time the pin in the buckle permits the saw to be set at an angle to correspond with the rake of the teeth. By this arrangement thirty-three per cent. is saved in the wear of the saw, which can be filed down precisely a third more than a saw hung in the ordinary method. This buckle also enables the experienced millman to strain a thin saw in a manner never attempted heretofore. Recently a gang of tight strained saws gauging fifteen and seventeen made nineteen boards an inch in thickness from a log measuring twenty and a quarter inches, with an aggregate kerf measuring an inch and a quarter. This, we submit, is an item worthy the attention of millmen.[**]

THE AX DEPARTMENT.

The manufacture of a modern axe is a decided novelty, embracing the Irishman's original idea of the method of making a cannon by pouring hot metal "around a hole." An ax pol (the eye, hammer end and front part of an ax lacking the steel bit,) instead of being hammered, is rolled by a patent process, the exclusive right of which belongs to the firm. A bar of iron about three and a half inches wide is cut into lengths varying from eight to nine inches, placed in a heating furnace and passed under a pair of rolls which contains two separate dies, the first spreading the ends for the bits, the second rolling out that portion of the iron which forms the eye. A single motion accomplishes each object, enabling the roll tender to turn out ax pols at the rate of a thousand per day. The moment the iron leaves the roll it is placed upon a small anvil, and bent over until the ends meet by the action of two small rollers, which are fastened in an iron frame, the movements of which are regulated by those of the rolls to which it is connected. Three movements accomplish the whole, and at a single heat. At this stage the pols are rather shapeless. They are next placed in a heating furnace, reheated and passed through the welding machine, which welds them at a single blow, when they are passed over to the squeezing machine, which squares and trims the bill end of the poll at one and the same time. The polls are now carefully inspected and conveyed to

THE AX FIRES,

Where the steel bits are forged upon them, the eye opened out, and the axe hammered into shape. We counted sixteen of these fires in this department, which is under the same roof with the machinery already described in the axe department. Beside each fire is a large trip hammer. In addition to these fifteen trip hammers, three Hotchkiss air hammers are also employed. The latter strikes a very powerful and rapid blow.

The manner in which the steel is prepared for welding is very simple. All the steel used in the manufacture of axes by Lippincott & Bakewell is rolled in bars about three inches wide, with a narrow and broad side, presenting upon the narrow side a beveled or scooped out edge. These bars are heated, cut into lengths corresponding with the size of the axe required, and placed upon a die with the bevel side fitting in a groove or chamber, through which it is forced by a single movement of an upright shaft. These steel bills are afterwards heated in the axe fire by the hammerman's helper, and welded upon the pols by the action of the hammers.

THE HEAD HAMMER DEPARTMENT

Occupies a building a little larger than the Saw department.[†] The doors of this building are hung upon weights, enabling the workmen to obtain a clear draught in the warmest summer day. Here are fourteen fires ranged in two rows upon either side of the building, at which the pol and eyes are hammered off ready for grinding. Before taking the axes to the Head Hammer room, they are submitted to a second inspection, when if any defect is observed in the shape, or weld, the defective piece is immediately returned to the workman whose initial is stamped upon it. From the Head Hammer room the axes are next conveyed to

THE GRINDING STONES.

Thirty-two stones, varying from two to seven feet in diameter, are placed in two rows upon either side of the grinding room. Here the axes pass through the hands of three workmen before they are ready for the tempering process. First the head and side of the axe is roughed down, when the piece is passed to a second set of workmen, who grind the sides head and edge uniformly, when the axe passes into the hands of another set of workmen, whose business it is to see that the axe is ground true, and free from blemishes. Some idea of the labor involved in grinding an axe may be obtained from the fact that it requires from three to four pounds of stone to grind a single axe! Every day a new grinding stone, averaging from six to six and a half feet, is set up in this department. The item of grinding stones cost the concern upwards of fifteen thousand dollars a year. The roar and whirr of these large stones can be compared to nothing else than the roar of a cataract.

One of the greatest curiosities we ever observed is to be found in this department in the shape of a friction wheel, composed of iron, measuring about twenty-six inches in diameter, and making four thousand revolutions a minute! A rate of speed which is enough to give a carpenter's apprentice the headache. The beveled edges the reader observes upon the axes made now a days, instead of being hammered, as the majority of mechanics would suppose, are ground by this friction wheel, which has been running two years, and which exhibits no signs of wear or tear! Picking up an axe, passing the eye over a strong iron pin, with the edge of the axe resting against a second pin, a workman presses the edge of the axe against the wheel, with a lever, when suddenly there is a stream of fire in the shape of a myriad of sparks, and presto! half an inch has disappeared from the edge of the axe. The workman's face is shielded from the stream of fire partly by a cover which fits over the upper part of the wheel, partly by a mask which covers his face.

THE TEMPERING ROOM

For tempering the axes, is directly in the rear of the Grinding room. All the axes are tempered over coke fires, which are fanned by the blower which feeds the head hammer and axe-fires. In front of the fires are bins for holding the coke; in the rear are fresh water vats, and back of them again the salt tubs containing a large quantity of salt water. Five tempering fires temper all the axes manufactured in this establishment. Great skill and experience is required in this department. The axe is now almost completed, and inexperienced workmen would destroy in a few hours the labor of a dozen men. From the tempering room the axes are conveyed to

THE POLISHING ROOM,

Where they are polished upon emery wheels. Here again we found a number of workmen stationed behind a row of wheels busily engaged in polishing every variety of axe, from the smallest and plainest style to the last and most effective of all the axes ever made—the Red Jacket. The emery wheels are generally made of wood, with a leather face, which is coated with glue and rolled in a box filled with emery. After standing over night, the wheel is ready for use. From the polishing room the axes are now conveyed to

THE PAINTING AND PACKING ROOM,

Where they are again inspected, stamped, painted, labeled and hung upon a number of large revolving cylinders made of wood, in which are placed rows of pins in such a manner as to pass through the eye of the axe. The concern manufactures, when in full blast, one hundred dozen of axes per day. Four men are constantly employed in painting and labeling the axes alone.

THE SHOVEL DEPARTMENT.

The manner in which a plain back shovel is manufactured, is, if anything, more novel than the manufacture of an axe. A bar of iron about three inches wide, and five eighths of an inch thick is cut into pieces about a foot long. These pieces are heated in a furnace, placed under a trip hammer and three inches of the middle of the piece hammered out into a narrow thin strap about eighteen inches long. Holding each of the ends of the iron next this strap over a die attached to the anvil, a single blow from the hammer makes an impression from the socket, when the ends of the iron are immediately brought together. The piece is then placed in the furnace again, heated and the ends welded. The appearance the iron now presents is the farthest possible remove from a shovel, resembling in fact, nothing but a square piece of iron, with a piece of hoop iron attached to it. Upon examining it closely, you will find that the "hoop iron" handle is split, that it is unbroken at the top, and a shake dislodges the dust or scale which filled the impression made for the socket, around which the remainder of the iron exhibits a close weld. The piece is again heated, rolled and hammered out precisely as a sheet or bar of iron is rolled, when it begins to assume the shape of a shovel. It is now taken to

THE SHEARS.

In the shearing and drop press room we found four sets of shears, one punching and one drop machine. The shovel we have described when brought to the shear room to be shaped was placed above a pattern exactly the size of a moulder's shovel, held fast with a pair of peculiarly shaped tongs, and placed in a large die corresponding in size and shape with the pattern, when a single movement of the upper portion of the machine cut off all the surplus iron which projected over the pattern. Our shapeless piece of iron was now in a fair way to turn out a well shaped shovel. It was next heated and placed under a drop press, which at a single blow gave it the shape we fancied it required. All shovels, however, do not pass through the same process; a grain shovel, or a "back-strap" shovel is cut out of a sheet of iron, a piece cut out for the socket, the plate heated and placed in the drop-machine. A single boy can shear three hundred dozen grain shovel straps per day in a machine which is at work in this department. This lad is so adroit in his movements that he rarely loses a single motion of the machine. A young man at the drop machine sets seventy-five dozen of grain shovels per day. The upper and lower dies for setting grain shovels exactly correspond with the upper and lower side of the shovel made in them. The weight of the drop is about five hundred pounds.

THE HANDLING AND BACKING

Is done by six men, three of whom fit the handles in the shovels, while the others do the "backing." The last mentioned "back" about fifteen dozen apiece per day. A good workman can fit from sixteen to seventeen dozen of handles per day. This is fast work, especially when it is borne in mind that the "backer" punches all his own work with a punching machine operated by a pedal movement. All the handles used in the establishment are steamed and bent into the required shape in a separate department, where we found them piled up in stacks reaching from the floor half way to the ceiling. After the handles are fastened in the straps, the latter still remain flat, which involves another process termed "rolling." A workman places the shovel between two eccentric rolls, in which grooves are made in the parts which approach nearest each other. These grooves press the straps firmly around the handle. The workman now places the handle in a grooved anvil, strikes the edge of the strap a blow here and there where it requires it, and passes it over to a workman whose business it is to render the handle perfectly smooth. This is done by holding the handle against an emery belt, which performs the work required swiftly and thoroughly, when the shovel is removed to the varnish room, where it receives a coat of white, black or equal varnish, according to the character of the work.

CHARACTER AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE WORK.

The concern is working under a number of patents, all of which, with one exception, belong to them exclusively. We have already enumerated three of these patents, the process of tempering saws, grinding long saws, and rolling ax pols. Among these improvements, perhaps, none possess more merit, simple though it may be, than the improvement in axes. Any mechanic who will examine the Red Jacket Ax will admit that the world has been slow to discover the easiest and best way to chop wood. The sound of this ax and the hum of the saws manufactured in this establishment are heard from the East to the wilds of Minnesota and the Rocky Mountains.

THE MOTIVE POWER

Is supplied by three engines respectively, one twenty-inch cylinder, five foot stroke; one eighteen-inch cylinder, five foot stroke, and one fourteen-inch cylinder, four foot stroke, supplied with steam from a battery of five boilers twenty-six feet long and forty-two inches in diameter. The concern works up twenty tons of steel, and fifty-four tons of iron per month, and about two hundred and seventy five bushels of coke and three hundred and fifty bushel of coal per day, affording employment to one hundred and eighty hands.

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[*] The saw alluded to measured seventy-eight inches in diameter. The concern makes more circular saws than any other establishment in the country. The amount of Muley saws manufactured in the establishment outnumbers all those made by the various saw manufactories in the country combined.

[†] The Saw Department is one hundred and twenty feet long by fifty deep; the mill in which the axe pols and steel plates are rolled, and which contains the furnaces, the fires and hammers is one hundred and fifty feet long by one hundred deep; the Head Hammer Department is one hundred and fifty feet long by fifty deep; the Grinding Room is ninety five feet long by forty-five deep; the Shovel Factory (a three story building composed of brick,) is one hundred feet deep, by forty-five in width; the Temper room for tempering axes forty by thirty. In addition to the departments enumerated, a large two storied carpenter shop, store-rooms for raw material, and stock rooms form a net-work of buildings which cover within a fraction of four acres.

[**] Experience demonstrates that this mode of straining is superior to all others in the following respects: 1. These buckles are more convenient and speedy in hanging over. 2. The saws run with less power and retain the tension much better. 3. By using this buckle millmen are enabled to use number fifteen and seventeen gauge saws, thereby saving six per cent. of lumber over number eleven gauge.

PERSONAL.

—Ned Buntline writes from San Francisco that Admiral Farragut is a millionaire. He owns a number of pretty houses, some unoccupied lots, and twenty acres now in wheat, within the city limits of Vallejo. As that city is to be for a long time the western terminus of the Central Pacific Railroad, this property is destined to become a mine of wealth, and within a year has been trebled in price.

—Walter Scott's son never read one of his father's novels. Who will say after this that clever men do not have clever children!

—English journals announce after the fashion of fashionable marriages, one between Jas Grimshaw, the famous jockey, and the daughter of the trainer employed by Baron Rothschild.

—Mr. Joseph S. Smith, the new Democratic Congressman elect from Oregon, was born in southern Pennsylvania in 1824, and emigrated to Oregon at the age of twenty. He worked at all sorts of jobs, from splitting rails to teaching in the Oregon Institute, and finally took to law and politics. He was the Speaker of the popular branch of the Legislature and United States District Attorney, and is described as being considerable of a man.

—Admiral Farragut's reply to the Democratic invitation to become their candidate states in substance that he had already reached a far higher position than he had ever dared to hope for, and higher, he thought, than his merits deserved. Grateful to his countrymen for the honors they had heaped upon him, he could not in justice to them or himself venture upon still loftier duties for which he felt himself unqualified, and therefore he peremptorily declined the tendered nomination.

—Mark Grayson, a pedestrian to fortune and to fame unknown, has been matched, for $10,000, to walk from New York to San Francisco in seventy-five days. He starts next week Tuesday.

—Near Munich, Bavaria, there lives an eccentric old American, from Mississippi, who for twenty-five years has never left his house. The only person who visits him is an old washerwoman, who waits upon him and brings him his meals. Was he not a hard drinker? We ask without knowing anything, but with scarcely any doubt on the subject.

—Chief Justice Chase, Senator Hendricks and General Hancock are in Washington, and it is understood that neither of them have intended, or intend to visit New York during the Convention.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ABSTRACT FROM THE QUARTERLY report to the Comptroller of the Currency, of the condition of the THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, on the morning of the first Monday in July, 1868:

Discounts		$715,856 73
U. S. Bonds		502,000 00
Real Estate and Fixtures		48,146 07
Expenses & Taxes		6,698 71
Due by Banks		233,776 98
Cash Items, Checks on Banks, and Revenue Stamps		36,799 67
Legal Tender Notes and Coin	$228,474 00	
Nat. Bank Notes and Frac. Currency	10,775 32	$239,249 32
		$1,782,457 53
Capital Stock		$500,000 00
Circulation		356,740 00
Surplus Fund		86,371 76
Dividends unpaid		1,430 00
Earnings		14,515 19
Due to Banks		113,750 75
Due to Depositors	$647,728 22	
Due United States	62,121 61	709,849 83
		$1,782,457 53

JOHN B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY on the morning of the first Monday in July, 1868:

RESOURCES.

Notes and Bills Discounted		$555,064 61
United States Bonds deposited with the Treasurer of the United States		425,000 00
[illegible]		[illegible]
[illegible]		114,747 25
[illegible]	[illegible]	
Notes of Solvent Banks	2?8 00	
Fractional Currency	2,371 90	
Compound Int. Notes	3,000 00	
Checks and Other Banks	18,041 87	$198,340 22
Real Estate		42,379 11
Expenses		2,416 97
		$1,326,472 14

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$350,000 00
Individual Deposits	$507,107 17	
United States Deposits	74,420 61	581,527 78
Due to Banks and Bankers		567 88
Circulation		313,000 00
Dividend unpaid		1,540 00
Earnings and surplus fund		79,836 48
		$1,326,472 14

I certify that the above is a true abstract from the quarterly report sent to the Comptroller of the Currency, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. P. KRAMER, Cashier.

GREAT SALE OF IMPORTED THOROUGHBRED
Arabian Horses and Trotting Stock
ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1868,

Will be sold at PUBLIC SALE, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., the valuable stock of Arabian and trotting horses of CHARLES KANDER, Esq., at his farm near Jenkintown, Montgomery Co., Pa., about nine miles from Philadelphia, on the North Pennsylvania Railroad.

The special attention of horsemen and lovers of fine stock is invited, as the Arabians were selected by an experienced horseman, and purchased in their own country at the stables of the King of Wurtemberg.

No. 1. Arabian Stallion TAJAR, 15½ hands high, 11 years old, kind and gentle; will drive in single and double harness. Sired by Tajar out of Arabian mare Tahan, then owned by the King of Wurtemberg.
No. 2. Arabian Mare ZAJA, 9 years old, broken to harness. Sired by Zarif out of Zaja; also at the time owned by the King of Wurtemberg.
No. 3. Arabian Mare SCHAKRA III., 9 years old, broken to harness, sired by Zarif out of Schakra II; owned by the King of Wurtemberg.
No. 4. ARABIAN FILLY, 4 years old; kind and gentle; will go single or double. Sired by a son of Caliph, out of Arabian mare Schakra III.
No. 5. ARABIAN COLT, 2 years old; sired by Tajar out of Schakra III.
No. 6. ARABIAN COLT, 1 year old; sired by Tajar out of Schakra III.
No. 7. ARABIAN COLT WEANLING; sired by Tajar out of Schakra III.
No. 8. Brown Mare JENNY, 9 years old, very fast, sound and kind; sired by Black Sherman out of a Vermont mare. Black Sherman was sired by the original Morgan Black Hawk out of Morgan Lady; he by Sherman Morgan out of a three-quarter blood English mare; he by Justin Morgan, he by Wild Air, he by imp. Wild Air, a grandson of the Godolphin Arabian.
No. 9. SHERMAN BLACK HAWK MARE, by the North Horse, kind in harness; in foal to Arabian stallion Tajar.
No. 10. BLACK MARE, 7 years old, sound and kind; sired by Ethan Allen out of Sherman Black Hawk Mare (No. 9); in foal by Arabian stallion Tajar.
No. 11. GRAY MESSENGER MARE, 9 years old, sound and kind; can trot in 3 minutes; in foal to Arabian stallion Tajar.
No. 12. WASHINGTON STALLION, 5 years old, sound and kind; sired by the fast stallion Washington out of brown mare Jenny (No. 8).
No. 13. BAY HORSE COLT, 1 year old; sired by Arabian stallion Tajar out of brown mare Jenny (No. 8).
No. 14. BAY HORSE COLT, suckling, sired by Arabian stallion Tajar out of brown mare Jenny (No. 8).
No. 15. BAY FILLY, WEANLING, sired by Arabian stallion Tajar out of Sherman Black Hawk mare.
No. 16. BLACK COLT, WEANLING, sired by Arabian stallion Tajar out of the Gray Messenger mare (No. 11).
No. 17. BAY ROAN FILLY, WEANLING, sired by Arabian stallion Tajar out of Ethan Allen mare (No. 10).
No. 18. BAY COLT, WEANLING, out of good mare by Arabian stallion Tajar.
No. 19. BAY COLT, WEANLING, sired by Arabian stallion Tajar out of a good mare.
No. 20. BAY COLT, WEANLING, out of a good mare by the stallion Tajar.
No. 21. BAY COLT, 1 year old, out of a large fast mare by Patchen by the Arabian stallion Tajar.
No. 22. BLACK GELDING, 4 years old, out of a fast blooded mare and by Toronto.
No. 23. BAY BASHAW GELDING, good road horse, kind in harness.
No. 24. BLACK MARE, 6 years old, good road horse, sound and kind.
No. 25. BAY PONY MARE, kind in harness; wind affected.
No. 26. BAY COLT, WEANLING, out of bay pony mare, and by Arabian stallion Tajar.

At the same time and place will be sold fifteen head of Alderney cows, heifers, and calves, and an Alderney bull of Fisher & Biddle's importation. Also, carriages, harness, spring saddles, bridles, etc., some of very superior manufacture.

Sale positive, as the owner is going to Europe.

The stock can be seen at any time previous to sale. Access ten times a day by the North Pennsylvania Railroad, leaving Berk street station at 6:45 A. M., 7:45 A. M., 8:45 A. M., 10:20 A. M., 1:45 P. M., 2:35 P. M., 4:15 P. M., 5 P. M., 6:20 P. M., 11:30 P. M.
jy6&10

ENGINEER'S OFFICE S. W. R. R. Co.,
McMINNVILLE, TENN., July 1, 1868.

NOTICE TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS—THE
Southwestern Railroad Company
HEREBY INVITE PROPOSALS FOR THE
CLEARING AND GRUBBING,
GRADING, MASONRY,
SHORT BRIDGES, AND
TRESTLEWORK,

On each of the first fifteen mile sections of their road commencing at McMinnville, the terminus of the McMinnville and Manchester Railroad, and running through the county of Warren into White county, Tenn. Payments for this local work will be made in cash, twenty per cent. retained on monthly estimates as collateral security; the work to be completed by the first day of January next.

Profile and specifications of this work will be ready at this office by the 15th inst., and proposals to be addressed to the undersigned will be received until the 1st of August next.

Proposals will also be received by the undersigned for the construction of the bridges over Collins River and Caney Fork, for which State bonds have been appropriated. Separate bids will be received for first class masonry for abutments and piers, embracing about 8,000 perches; and also for iron piers; also for about 800 to 1,000 lineal feet of superstructure of wood or iron. Drawing of iron piers to accompany the proposals for such. The profile of the streams to be bridged will be furnished upon application after the 10th inst. The Company reserves the right to determine upon the final plan of such bridges in all its details after proposals have been received. The bridges to be completed by the time the tracklayers will reach the same. By order of the Board of Directors.
E. F. FALCONNET, Chief Engineer.

HEMPSEED
In barrels and sacks, for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO.,
Corner Wood and First streets.

INDIGO
Bengal prime quality, for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO.,
Corner Wood and First streets.

NOTICE—DR. D. COWLEY, SURGEON AND HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, has taken an office in East Liberty, on the Greensburg Pike, opposite the Methodist Church. He also retains his former Office, No. 298 Penn street. On and after MONDAY, the 6th inst., his office hours will be:
At East Liberty—7 to 8 A. M., 4 to 5 P. M.
At 298 Penn street—9 to 10 A. M., 2 to 3 and 6 to 7 P. M.

EPISCOPAL
CLASSICAL ACADEMY,
Under the supervision of Bishop KERFOOT and the Rev. J. A. EGAR, Rector of St. Peter's Church, Pittsburgh, opens the 7th of September next, in the School Room of St. Peter's Church, Grant st. Rates from $80 to $100, according to studies. Rev. T. L. BELLAM, A. M.; M. F. SCHMID. Apply to Rev. T. L. Bellam, 119 Penn street. MF&f

DRAIN PIPE.
HILL & ADAMS' superior article of DRAIN PIPE, all sizes, from one to twenty-four inches, at
WELDON & KELLY'S
Agents for Manufacturers, 147 Wood street, between Fifth and Sixth. 2p

STONE WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS,
CEMENT, PLASTER
HENRY H. COLLINS,
85 Wood street.

NOTICES.

OFFICE RALSTON OIL COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, July 3, 1868.
ELECTION NOTICE—THE Stockholders of the Ralston Oil Company will hold their annual Election of Directors at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, the 14th inst., between the hours of one and three P. M. Full attendance requested.
B. McCRACKEN, Sec'y.

DIVIDEND AND ELECTION NOTICE—The Directors of the LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD have this day declared a dividend on the Capital stock for the past six months of THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. now payable at the office of the Company. The Stockholders will hold their Annual Election of President and Six Directors at the office of the Company, in the borough of Temperanceville, on JULY 28TH, 1868, between the hours of one and four.
WM. MARSHALL, President.

PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR COMPANY,
SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, June 20th, 1868.
THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders in the Pittsburgh Grain Elevator Company, will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms, in the City of Pittsburgh on WEDNESDAY, July 22d, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., and an Election for Directors will be held immediately after the adjournment of the meeting.
By order of the Board of Directors.
T. L. RODGERS, Secretary.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
June 22, 1868.
AN ELECTION FOR NINE TRUSTEES to serve for the next two years, will be held at the Bank, No. 80 Fourth street, on TUESDAY, July 7th, 1868, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M.
S. F. VON BONNHORST, Sec. and Treas.

DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY BRIDGE CO.,
HAND STREET, July 3, 1868.
DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, payable forthwith, at the Citizens National Bank.
R. K. WILSON, Treasurer.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH PA.,
(Late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this bank have THIS DAY declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government tax.
J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
July 6, 1868.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—THE Directors of the RALSTON OIL COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT., payable forthwith at the Office of the Company, No. 9? Liberty street.
WILLIAM H. KIRKPATRICK, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, July 3, 1868.

OFFICE OF EAGLE COTTON MILLS CO.,
Pittsburgh, July 3, 1868.
THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of TEN ($10) DOLLARS PER SHARE, in cash, free of State Tax, payable forthwith at the office of the Company, Allegheny city.
A. O. FRANCE, Sec'y and Treas.

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
July 2, 1868.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months payable on and after the 6th inst., free of Government tax.
JOSEPH H. HILL, Cashier.

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, June 30, 1868.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on the 10th of July, in cash, to the holders of full paid, and to be credited on the notes of the part paid stock.
HUGH McELHENY, Sec'y.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
Pittsburgh, July 1, 1868.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank have this day declared a semi annual Dividend of SIX PER CENT. payable on and after the 6th inst., free of Government and State tax.
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE CO.,
Pittsburgh, July 1, 1868.
DIVIDEND.—THE PRESIDENT, Managers and Company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a Dividend of SEVEN PER CENT. on the capital stock of the company, which will be paid to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, by the Treasurer, forthwith.
W. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

POLITICAL.

GRANT AND COLFAX.
ALLEGHENY CITY.
A meeting of the citizens will be held in the Second Ward School House for the purpose of organizing a Grant Club, on MONDAY EVENING, July 6, at 8½ o'clock. Republicans of the second ward please attend. By order of City Executive Committee.
J. McDONALD, President.

NOTICE.
The Members of the City
Union Republican Executive Committee,
Are requested to meet at CITY HALL, on
TUESDAY NEXT, JULY 7,
At 2 o'clock P. M. A full attendance is desired, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting.
JOSEPH A. BUTLER, Chairman.
Gen. A. L. PEARSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANGES

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of
DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,
In the Book and Stationery Business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. ROBERT S. DAVIS and WM. W. WATERS will continue the business at the old stand, No. 93 Wood street.
Mr. WATERS, for many years identified with the establishment, will remain in charge of the Sales Department.
ROBERT S. DAVIS,
SAMUEL A. CLARKE,
WM. W. WATERS.
Pittsburgh, July 1, 1868.

IN RETIRING FROM THE FIRM of DAVIS, CLARKE & CO., I cheerfully recommend my successors to the old store to my friends and the public generally.
S. A. CLARKE.

NOTICE.
The copartnership heretofore existing between GEORGE F. COLHOUN & WM. B. EDWARDS, under the firm name of COLHOUN & EDWARDS, is this 30th day of June, 1868, dissolved by mutual consent.
GEORGE F. COLHOUN.
WM. B. EDWARDS.

A COPARTNERSHIP HAS, ON this 1st day of July, 1868, been formed between GEO. COLHOUN, Sr., lately of the firm of Colhoun & Edwards, and GEORGE F. COLHOUN, under the firm name of
GEO. COLHOUN & SON.
Who as successors of Colhoun & Edwards, will continue the business of importing
SODA ASH AND ENGLISH CHEMICALS,
At the old Warehouse, Nos. 95 Water and 122 First streets.
GEO. COLHOUN & SON.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of HIPPLEY & MILLER, Flour, Grain and Feed dealers, corner Ohio and Liberty streets, Allegheny city, was dissolved on the 20th of June, 1868 by mutual consent. All debts due the late firm, and all owing by the same, will be received and paid by the new firm, HIPPLEY & BECKERT.
HIPPLEY & BECKERT.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS.

The Pennsylvania Central R. R. Co.
HAVE ON SALE AT THEIR OFFICE,
UNION DEPOT, PITTSBURGH,
ROUND TRIP EXCURSION TICKETS
TO ATLANTIC CITY AND CAPE MAY,

Enabling parties to visit these popular Bathing Resorts and return home at a moderate cost. Parties can purchase Tickets to go and return by all Railroad, or they can arrange to take Steamer in either direction, between Philadelphia and Cape May.

EXCURSION TICKETS are also for sale at the above Depot, to
NIAGARA FALLS,
THE OIL REGION,
GETTYSBURG,
And numerous points in Pennsylvania and New York.

Pamphlets containing full descriptions of the various Excursion Routes by this Road, can be had on application at the Ticket Office in the Union Depot.
W. H. BECKWITH,
TICKET AGENT.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS, No. 67 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh. Chartered in 1862. Open Daily from 9 to 3 o'clock, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent. free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
S. H. HARTMAN, JAS. PARK, Jr., V. Presidents.
D. E. M'KINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, C. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, John Scott, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
D. W. and A. S. Bell, Solicitors. MTh2p

AN ASTOUNDING NOVELTY,
WONDER OF THE AGE.
Within a few months past there has been brought before the community a little board variously noted in the papers; the Boston "Transcript," of May 31st, describes it as follows: "An astounding novelty is 'Planchette,' which is only a little board in the shape of a heart, placed on wheels or castors, with a pencil in front. When the fingers are gently laid on Planchette, in a few moments it becomes animated. It writes intelligently, answers mental or written questions, talks with you and gives many wonderful manifestations. All in all, Planchette is a wonderful institution full of fun, puzzle and mystery, and a pleasant companion in the house." For sale by
ROBERT S. DAVIS,
Bookseller, 93 Wood street. MWS

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, where plans and specifications can be seen, up to SATURDAY, 11th inst., for building the M. E. Church, in Sharpsburg. Bids will be received for the whole work together, or stone work by itself, and for brick and stone wall by itself; Brick and Carpenter work, Plastering, Painting, Plumbing, with material.
JACOB COVODE,
Chairman Building Committee.
Sharpsburg, July 3, 1868.

CROQUET.
CROQUET.
Now is the time to enjoy this splendid out-door game, healthful and amusing. In full sets ranging in price from $5.00 to $15. For sale by
ROBERT S. DAVIS,
93 Wood street. MWS

FLOUR.
CHOICE BRANDS OF
WINTER AND SPRING WHEAT FLOUR,
In Store and to arrive, for sale by
DANIEL WALLACE,
353 Liberty street.

AUCTION SALES.

PALMER & PHILLIPS, No. 60 Fifth Street.

PALMER & PHILLIPS,
AUCTIONEERS,
AND
Commission Merchants,
OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,
No. 60 Fifth Street.
PITTSBURGH.
BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
At Private Sale Day and Evening.
Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

AUCTION SALES.

A. LEGGATE, 189 Federal street, Allegheny.

HOUSES AND LOTS,
LINDEN AND JAMES STREETS,
ALLEGHENY,
AT AUCTION.
WILL BE SOLD ON THE PREMISES, ON
MONDAY, JULY 6,

At 2 o'clock, the Property, 15 Linden street, Third Ward, Allegheny. The Lot is 40 by 100 to a 20 foot alley. The House is a two-story Frame of 9 Rooms, with Hall and good Cellar; Stable in rear of lot. Immediately after sale of above, the Property 17 James street, Lot 20x60; House a two story Brick of 5 Rooms, Hall and Cellar. Terms, two-thirds cash, balance in two years.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

NEW
AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE.
R. R. McQUISTION,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Coulterville, Penna.,
22 miles from Pittsburgh, on Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.
Consignments solicited.

BY JACOB GRAFF & CO,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Assignees' Sale of the Cincinnati Locomotive and Marine Engine Works.
ON TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 7,

At 9 o'clock, at the northwest corner of Pike and Front streets, all the personal property of every description belonging to the Locomotive Shop, Foundry and Machine Shop of Robert Moore & Sons, known as the "Cincinnati Locomotive and Marine Engine Works," consisting of Engines, Boilers, Lathes and Planers of various sizes. Screw-cutting Machines, Boring Machines, Drill-Presses, &c., appertaining to the building of Locomotive, Steamboat and Stationary Engines; a complete assortment of Gear, Cutting-machines, Slotters, &c.; a large lot of Shafting and Pulleys; a lot of Anvils, Hammers and other Tools suited to wrought iron forging; a large lot of Vises; a full compliment of Foundry Tools, such as Cranes, Cupolas, &c.; in short, a general assortment of Tools necessary to the construction of Steam Engines and general Machine Work. Terms of sale cash.
A. S. LUDLOW,
AMBROSE WARDEN,
je23,27,jy4,6 Assignees of Robert Moore & Sons.

ASSIGNEE SALE.—MONDAY MORNING, July 27th, at 11 o'clock, by order of John H. Bailey, assignee of E. H. Fisher, in bankruptcy, will be sold at Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, 6 acres and 116 perches, land in Versailles township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the west by the Monongahela river, and by land of A. Mehaffey, by the Youghiogheny river, and by a township road; on which is erected a saw mill, with steam engine and fixtures. Also, 3 lots in said township, being Nos. 16 and 17 in John W. Patterson's plan; each 25 feet front on 33 feet road and 123 feet in depth, more or less, to an alley; with a frame dwelling house. Also, 320 acres of land in Shannon county, Missouri.
A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

IRON PROPERTY FOR SALE.
The well known LAURA FURNACE Trigg county, Ky., including from Eight Thousand to Twelve Thousand Acres of Land, well Timbered with abundance of RICH HEMATITE IRON ORE and Limestone, near the Furnace. One and a half miles from the Cumberland and Two from the Tennessee Rivers. A first-class Stock and Machinery, a number of Dwellings, &c. A rare chance is offered in this property. For further particulars inquire of
A. M. MARSHALL,
Ridge street, Allegheny city, Pa., or
C. BERINGER,
Clarksville, Tennessee.

VALUABLE PROPERTY,
IN
BIRMINGHAM, FOR SALE.
THE HOUSE AND LOTS on Carson street, Birmingham, lately occupied by the subscriber. The Lots have a front on Carson street of 74 feet by 100 feet, extending to a 20 feet alley. The house is a three-story Brick Building, 28 feet front; the back building is also three story. It contains 13 rooms and bath house, fitted up for hot and cold water; range in kitchen; gas all over the house. Also, wash house and drying room and stable, all in good order. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to the subscriber,
JOHN P. PEARS,
At Bakewell, Pears & Co., Pittsburgh.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, W. D. OF PENNA.,
Pittsburgh, July 3, 1868.
MARSHAL'S SALE.
J. E. Rawley et al. vs. Steamboat Traveler. No. 3 October Term, 1868. In admiralty.
By virtue of a venditioni exponas issued out of the District Court of the United States, Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale on TUESDAY, the 14th day of July, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Custom House, in the City of Pittsburgh, the Steamboat Traveler, together with her boats, machinery, tackle, apparel &c.
THOS. A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal Western District Pa.

VALUABLE
STOCK FARM FOR SALE:
Adjoining the town of Wellsville, Ohio, and C. & P. Railroad, and near Ohio river, containing 283 Acres. The whole underlaid with Coal, Iron Ore, Limestone, Fire Clay and Hydraulic Cement; well fenced and good FRUIT and CROPS OF ALL KINDS. Terms, one-third down, the balance on long deferred payments if desired. Would make a good dairy farm. RICHARD ATEN, Wellsville, Ohio.

STOCK SALES.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS
AND AUCTIONEERS,
Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., with dispatch, in the Rooms of the Board of Trade Rooms. Particular attention paid as heretofore to the sale of Real Estate at Private Sale. Sales of Real Estate in the country attended.
Office, 115 FOURTH STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

CRAIG BROTHERS,
Brass Founders,
PIPE FITTERS, PLUMBERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Iron and Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Pumps, Pipe Fittings and Gas Fixtures.
152 FIRST STREET, near Smithfield.
Would solicit Orders for New or the Repairing of Old Work.
The Personal Supervision of one of the members of the firm will be given to all the Work entrusted to us. MTh

ED. BOURNE & BRO.,
NO. 45 MARKET STREET.
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS,
Gas and Steam Fitters,
And Manufacturers of
BOURNES' PATENT LOW-PRESSURE, SELF-REGULATING
STEAM HEATING APPARATUS.
Also, Sole Agents for J. W. Kerr's Patent Gasaller, for Lighting and Ventilating Public Buildings.

NEW YORK IRON MINE,
LAKE SUPERIOR ORE
FOR
Blast Furnaces, Rolling Mills, &c.
CLEVELAND, BROWN & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS, Cleveland Ohio.

FRUIT JARS! FRUIT JARS!
CUNNINGHAMS & IHMSEN,
Are the Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated
"Hero Fruit Jar."
A liberal Discount made to Dealers.
Also, Manufacturers of
A. Stone & Co.'s Patent Tin Top Jar.
Cunningham & Ihmsen's Improved Cork Jar.

BLAKELY & MILLER,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.
OFFICES:
WM. BLAKELEY, No. 91 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. H. A. MILLER, Franklin, Venango county Pa.
Will practice in the several Courts of Allegheny and Venango counties.

BERNHARD STUEBNER,
DECORATIVE ARTIST
AND FRESCO PAINTER,
NO. 11 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH.
THIRD FLOOR.

ROOFING MATERIALS.
SATURATED FELT.
ROOFING CEMENT.
W. B. LUPTON & CO., 362 PENN STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
CARNCROSS & DIXEY'S MINSTRELS,
Will remain one week more, being positively the last, presenting New Burlesques, Dances, Songs, &c.,
MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, last nights of the Great Sensation Burlesque,
UNDER THE GASLIGHT,
The startling Railroad Scene.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the three last nights,
NEW BURLESQUE.
Admission 50 cents and 25 cents. Reserved 75c.

BURNELL'S
MUSEUM EXHIBITION.
Comprising WORKS OF ART and GREAT NATURAL LIVING CURIOSITIES.
FRANKLIN HALL, FIFTH STREET
Opposite Pittsburgh Theater.
Cards of Admission 25 cents. Doors open from 9 o'clock A. M. to 10 P. M.

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERAY.
63 DIAMOND ALLEY, OR 66 VIRGIN ALLEY.
Merchants and others wishing large or small Show Bills Posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" Office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same.

SUMMER RESORTS.

WOODVILLE HOUSE.—THIS commodious and substantial Hotel having been thoroughly refitted, is now open for the Summer season. Beautifully situated, with fine views of the Chartiers Valley, seven miles from Pittsburgh by Washington Turnpike, two miles from Mansfield Station, Pan Handle Railroad. Conveyances will be in waiting to carry guests to and from the Morning and Evening McDonald Accommodation, an arrangement well suited to business men. For further particulars, address JOS. WRIGHT, Proprietor, Woodville, Pa.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
MANSFIELD, PA.
ELI WICOFF..........................Proprietor.
This spacious new Hotel is now open for the reception of guests for the Summer season. It is located on the Pan Handle Railroad, five miles from the city, on the bank of Chartiers Creek within three minutes walk of Mansfield Station.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE.

This delightful summer resort will open for reception of guests on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17th. Excursion tickets on the Pennsylvania Railroad can be obtained at Philadelphia, Harrisburgh and Pittsburgh. Two furnished Cottages for rent. For further information inquire of
GEO. W. MULLIN,
Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.

BEDFORD MINERAL SPRINGS.—This popular Summer Resort will be open for the reception of visitors on the 15TH DAY OF JUNE, and remain open until September 15th.
The Bedford Railroad is completed to within one hours' ride over a good turnpike road to the Springs. Parties from Pittsburgh will come through direct to the Springs in from eight to ten hours. Excursion tickets can be had at the Pennsylvania Railroad Office, and baggage checked through. Persons will come by Pennsylvania Railroad to Huntingdon, thence by Broad Top Road. Bedford Water will be promptly sent to any part of the United States at the following rates at the Springs:
Whole Barrels, steamed oak, 42 gals..........$4.
Half Barrels, steamed oak, 21 gals..........3.
Kegs, steamed oak, 8 gals..........2.
Parties wishing to engage Rooms, or any further information, will please address the Proprietor, Bedford Springs, at as early date as possible.

FRANKFORT SPRINGS.
THE OWNER OF THE
Frankfort Mineral Springs
Wishes, with due respect to the former visitors of the Frankfort Springs and the public generally, to inform them [illegible]. There is also 80 Acres of fertile Land attached to them, with fine groves of forest trees, all underbrush cleared out.
I left eight years ago, and the place has got out of order. There are many of the old visitors who wish to have them fitted up again. Many gentlemen are in favor of making a stock company. I would let a company have them in preference to an individual. I would like to take some shares myself. [illegible] to attend to business of that kind. If there are any gentlemen who wish to go into it [illegible] the advantage of them, I would be much pleased to see them. I am to be seen at my son's Tobacco Factory, on Second street, between Wood and Market, 93 and 95.
Railroad eight miles from the Springs south.
The family of McKnights and the Grants, Mr. Fennock, Josiah King, Wade Hampton, John Wright, and Ormsby and other persons from Wheeling and Washington have lived there. Gentlemen having their families at the Springs could be out in time for breakfast and be home for their supper if necessary.
I have the analysis of the water taken by Doctors Church and Dawson.
EDWARD McGINNIS.

BANKRUPTCY.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Pittsburgh, the 17th day of June, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of CHARLES B. EBBERT, of New Castle, in the county of Lawrence, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.
AARON L. HAZEN, Assignee,
Attorney-at-Law, New Castle, Pa.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Pittsburgh, the 27th day of June, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JULIUS WEISSERT, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
Attorney at Law, 89 Grant street.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Pittsburgh, the 22d day of June, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of GEORGE TAYLOR, of Brownsville, in the county of Fayette, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
(Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.)

CITY HEADQUARTERS,
FOR
FIRE WORKS.
The Largest Stock in the West.
Embracing a full and complete assortment of
Small and Large Works
Together with a Large Variety of Fine
Exhibition Pieces.
FOR PRIVATE DISPLAYS.
LANTERNS, FLAGS,
5,000, ALL STYLES, 500 gross assorted sizes.
BALLOONS,
5 TO 25 FEET.
FIRE CRACKERS, TORPEDOES,
500 Boxes Extra No. 1. 600,000.
Dealers are solicited to examine our Stock. All Orders promptly filled.
REYMER & BROS.,
CONFECTIONERS,
Nos. 126 and 128 WOOD STREET.

STEAM TO
Liverpool and Queenstown,
The Inman Line Mail Steamships,
Built Expressly for the Trade.
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF ANTWERP, CITY OF BOSTON,
CITY OF LONDON, CITY OF NEW YORK,
CITY OF WASHINGTON,
Sail from Pier 45, North River, New York
EVERY SATURDAY,
And Every Alternate Monday.
Speed and Accommodation Unsurpassed.
Price of First Class Passage, payable in gold,
New York to Liverpool..........$[illegible]
New York to London..........[illegible]
New York to Paris..........[illegible]
Return Tickets good for 12 Months, on any vessel of the Line, are issued at
REDUCED RATES.
Passage by Monday Steamers, via Halifax,
To Liverpool, $90. To Halifax, $[illegible].
Payable in Gold.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Cabin plans may be seen and berths secured on application to
WM. BINGHAM, Jr.,
70 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building), nearly opposite Postoffice, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JULIAN ALLEN,
ALL KINDS OF
HAVANA, YARA,
AND
LEAF TOBACCO,
AND
SEGARS,
NO. 8 SIXTH STREET,
Between Wood and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

DANIEL F. DINAN,
BRANCH OF 172 WATER STREET, N. Y.

ROBERT CHRISTY. H. C. BENHAM.
CHRISTY & BENHAM,
DEALERS IN
Wrapping and Roofing Papers,
ROOFING CEMENT,
SATURATED FELT,
BLACK VARNISH, &c.
193 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.
CASH PAID FOR RAGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE
FORT PITT.
The cleanest and most substantial Stove in the market. Also, THE IRONSIDES COAL COOK STOVE, manufactured for sale by
D. DE HAVEN & SONS,
eod No. 47 Federal street, Allegheny.

PRODUCE IN STORE AND ARRIVING.
5,000 bushels Chopped Corn and Oats, 500 bushels Sifted Corn Meal, 3,000 pounds Prime Oats, 200 bushels Ear Corn, 1,000 bushels [illegible], 100 barrels Family Flour, 500 bushels [illegible] Timothy Seed. With full Stock of Groceries in store and for sale by [illegible]
No. 183 Liberty street.

The Daily Commercial

FROM CONNELLSVILLE.

Surveying a New ... Railroad.

[illegible]

Feminine Affectation.

[illegible]

Burning the Dead in Japan.

[illegible]

Cheerfulness in One's Religion.

[illegible]

"The Wickedest Man."

[illegible]

PARAGUAYAN AMAZONS.

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. METCALFE'S HONEY COUGH BALM [illegible]

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE Authorizing the Construction of a Public Sewer on Fourth Street, from Cherry Alley to Wood Street.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE For the Locating and Opening of Liberty Avenue from Wilson Street to Grant Avenue.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of [illegible] Street.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE Opening [illegible] Street from Center Avenue to Reed Street.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE Locating Street at [illegible].

[illegible]

GRADING AND PAVING.

[illegible]

TAXES, TAXES.

[illegible]

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE To Provide for the Appointment of a Clerk to the Committee on Streets.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE For Constructing a Board Walk on Pennsylvania Avenue, between Oakland Station and the Second Toll Gate.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Erie Street, from Bedford Avenue to Center Avenue.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Liberty Street, from Canton Street to the old City Line.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Wide Alley, from Logan Street to Fulton st.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE For Opening Albany Avenue.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE For Opening Erie Street.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE Paving Market Street with Nicolson Pavement.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE Constructing a Sewer on [illegible] Street.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE

[illegible]

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NEW CARPETS.
McFARLAND & COLLINS
Have just received the newest and best styles of
ENGLISH VELVET CARPET,
SIX QUARTERS WIDE.
Tapestry and Body Brussels
Which they are selling at the LOWEST PRICES REACHED THIS SEASON.
Superfine Ingrain Carpets
DOWN TO $1 25 AND $1 35 PER YARD.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

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NOTWITHSTANDING THE MANUFACTURERS' RECENT ADVANCE IN PRICES, WE WILL CONTINUE TO OFFER THE LARGEST STOCK OF VELVETS, BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN CARPETS IN THE CITY, AT THE LOWEST PRICES REACHED THIS SEASON. JUST RECEIVED A FEW PIECES OF A NEW AND EXQUISITE PATTERN OF ROYAL AXMINSTER.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY,
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CHINA MATTING
CARPETS,
A VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY OF
White, Fancy Striped and Check
MATTINGS,
JUST IMPORTED.
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IN BRIGHTEST COLORS.
Prices the Lowest in this Market.

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Macrum & Carlisle's,
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All Goods Greatly Reduced,
ON AND AFTER JULY 1st,

[illegible]	50c
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Linen Handkerchiefs, Three for	25c
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Paper Collars	10c
200 yards Spool Cotton	3c
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Men's Summer Undershirts	50c
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ALL KINDS BONNETS AND HATS
AT HALF COST.
GREAT BARGAINS
IN ALL KINDS OF GOODS.
[illegible]
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19 FIFTH STREET.

GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,
BEGS TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC THAT THEY WILL ON THE 1st OF JULY,
Reduce their Prices
15 PER CENT.
ON ALL THEIR FANCY GOODS.
THOSE IN WANT OF
FIRST-CLASS GOODS
AT LOW PRICES,
Will please call and examine their Stock.
GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,
MERCHANT TAILORS, 65 FIFTH ST.

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CALL AND GET
BARGAINS.
THE ENTIRE STOCK
MARKED DOWN
TO COST,
AND
LESS THAN COST.

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GLOBES, SMOKE BELLS, LIGHT SHADES, PORCELAIN SHADES, LAVA SHADES, TIN SHADES, PORTABLE STANDS AND DROP LIGHTS, &c.
A full line of all the above goods on hand at [illegible] prices.
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Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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An infallible remedy for Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Vomiting, Cholera Morbus, &c.
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Cramp Cure,
A specific for Cholera, Cramps and Pain in the Stomach, for sale by
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Universally acknowledged to be the only reliable Green Paint in the market.

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Offers to the Trade at Low Figures,
150 pkgs of New Mackerel in bbls, halves, quarters and kitts.
100 chests choice Young Hyson, Japan and Imperial Teas.
[illegible] choice Rangoon Rice
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50 bbls Bermuda Molasses.
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[illegible] bags Rio Coffee.
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[illegible] cases Imported Claret.
[illegible] cases Moet & Chandon's Champagne Wines.
Scotch Ale and London Porter constantly on hand.

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Wholesale Grocers,
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PITTSBURGH, PA.,
HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A WELL SELECTED
Stock of Groceries,
bought exclusively for CASH, and to which we invite the attention of Cash Buyers.

POTATOES, &c.
2 CARS PRIME PEACHBLOW POTATOES,
10 KEGS CHOICE APPLE BUTTER
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY
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A new Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to Live and what to Live For; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; the cause of Indigestion, Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically Considered, &c.
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The best Machine out. Every Gardener should have one. Call and examine or send for Circular.
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CLOSING OUT SALE
STRAW
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MILLINERY GOODS,
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HATS,
In Great Variety.
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Prices Very Greatly Reduced
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DEALERS IN
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FINISHED BRASS WORK.
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Be careful to Buy Only the Genuine.
Scales Repaired Promptly.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED.
When the system is once affected it will not rally of its own accord; it needs help—it must be strengthened and invigorated; this is especially the case when the
KIDNEYS, BLADDER OR URINARY ORGANS
Are affected. For immediate relief and permanent cure
DR. SARGENT'S
Diuretic or Backache Pills,
Are a perfectly safe and reliable specific. This well-known remedy has effected a large number of speedy and remarkable cures, and have never failed to give relief when taken according to directions.
Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills,
Are purely Vegetable and contain no mercury or calomel. They do not exhaust the system, but on the contrary they act as a tonic, imparting new tone and vigor to the organs and strengthening the whole body. These Pills have stood the test of thirty-five years, and are still gaining in popularity.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE EVERYWHERE.
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A large and varied stock always on hand.
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RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. W. AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

From JUNE 7th, 1868, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, North Side, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Exp..	2:03 a m	Chicago Exp..	2:08 a m
Cleveland Ex.	2:03 a m	Cleveland Ex.	2:08 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	7:38 a m	Chicago Ex...	11:43 a m
Cl & Whg M'l	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex.	11:08 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex..	3:33 p m
Chicago Ex....	9:4[illegible] a m	Cl & Whg Ex.	4:38 p m
Cl & Whg Ex.	1:43 p m	Erie & Ygn Ex	6:13 p m
Chicago Ex....	1:[illegible]8 p m	Chicago Ex	4:43 p m
Whg & Erie Ex	4:48 p m	C & Whg Ex.	7:08 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
N. Br'tn Acc	8:58 a m	N Br'tn Acc..	7:03 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	10:13 a m	N. Br'tn Acc..	8:28 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	11:58 a m	Wellsville Acc	8:53 a m
Rochester Acc.	2:23 p m	N. Castle Acc..	10:13 a m
Wellsville Acc.	3:43 p m	Leetsdale Acc..	9:13 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	4:13 p m	Leetsdale Acc..	1:08 p m
N. Br'tn Acc..	5:33 p m	N. Br'tn Acc..	2:43 p m
N. Br'tn Acc	6:28 p m	Leetsdale Acc..	4:53 p m
Leetsdale Acc.	10:43 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	7:28 p m

1:58 P. M. Chicago Express leaves daily.
11:23 A. M. Chicago Express arrives daily
F. R. MYERS,
General Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after JUNE 7, 1868, trains arrive and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive		Depart.	
Mail Train.....	1:15 a m	Day Express...	2:25 a m
Fast Line......	1:40 a m	Wall's No. 1....	6:30 a m
Wall's No 1....	6:20 a m	Mail Train.....	7:50 a m
Latrobe Ac....	7:50 a m	Cincinnati Ex	11:40 a m
Wall's No 2...	8:50 a m	Wall's No. 2..	11:51 a m
Cincinnati Ex.	9:10 a m	Johnstown Ac	3:05 p m
Johnstown Ac.	10:35 a m	Braddocks No1	4:[illegible]0 p m
Baltimore Ex..	1:00 p m	Phila. Ex......	4:50 p m
Phila. Ex......	1:20 p m	Wall's No. 3..	5:10 p m
Wall's No. 3..	5:15 p m	Wall's No. 4..	6:05 p m
Braddocks No 1	5:50 p m	Fast Line......	7:30 p m
Wall's No. 4...	7:15 p m	Latrobe Ac....	8:50 p m
Altoona Ac. and Emg't train..	9:30 a m	Swissvale Ac.	10:50 p m

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p m. and arrive at Wall's station at 4:00 p m.

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information apply to
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding that amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
Gen'l Supt., Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY. PANHANDLE ROUTE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after SUNDAY, June 21, 1868, Trains will leave and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

PITTSBURGH TIME.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail Express	2:15 a m	12:10 a m
Fast Line	9:40 a m	7:5 p m
Fast Express	2:10 p m	11:40 a m
Mixed Way	6:10 a m	7:05 p m
McDonald Acc'dn No 1	11:40 a m	3:05 p m
Steubenville Accomd'n	3:55 p m	9:30 a m
McDonald Ac'dn No 2.	5:25 p m	8:40 a m

SPECIAL NOTICE—Sunday Express leaves at 2:10 p m, arriving in Cincinnati 6:00 a m next morning.

The 9:40 a. m. Train leaves daily, Sundays excepted, and makes close connections at Newark for Zanesville and points on Sandusky Mansfield and Newark Railroad.
S. F. SCULL,
General Ticket Agent.
W. W. CARD, Sup't, Steubenville.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after May 10, 1868 the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springdale Acm No. 1	6:35 a m	Mail	6:15 a m
FreeportAcNo1	8:15 a m	Freeprt AcNo 1	9:10 a m
Express	10:15 a m	ShrpsgAcNo1	11:20 a m
ShrpsgAcNo1	1:25 p m	Express	1:50 p m
FreeprtAc No2	4:10 p m	Springdale Acm No. 1	3:50 p m
Mail	5:50 p m	Freeprt AcNo2	6:05 p m
Springdale Acm No 2	7:10 p m	Springdale Acm No. 2	7:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 P. M. and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:45 P. M.

Commutation Tickets—For sale in packages of twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg, and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.

Trains leaving Allegheny City at 6:15 A. M. and 1:50 P. M. make direct connections at Freeport with Walker's Line of Stages for Butler and Hannahstown. Through Tickets, too, may be purchased at the office No. 3 St. Clair street, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.

For further information apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.

The Western Pensylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel and limit their responsibility to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
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ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE EAST.—SHORTEST AND FASTEST LINE
Between Pittsburgh and New York, via Harrisburg, Reading, Allentown and Easton
NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK.
SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS

Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh, daily (except Sundays) at

Leave Pittsburgh 11:50 a. m., 5:00 p. m., 7:40 p. m. and 2:30 a. m.
Arrive in New York 5:00 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 11:50 a. m. and 6:55 p. m.
Leave New York 9:00 a. m., 5:00 p m., and 8:00 p. m.
Arrive in Pittsburgh 2:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m. and 1:30 p. m.
Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station of CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY, FOOT OF LIBERTY STREET.
At 9:00 a. m., 5:00 and 8:00 p. m.

Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.
H. P. BALDWIN,
General Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
Only Direct Route to the Oil Regions.
Running Through to Venango City

Without Change of Cars, connecting with trains East and West, on the Warren and Franklin Railroad and Atlantic and Great Western Railway, shortest and quickest route to Oil City and Franklin, and all points in the Oil Regions.

On and after APRIL 20th, 1868, Passenger Trains will leave from and arrive at the Depot corner of Canal and Pike streets as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail to and from Venango City	7:00 a m	6:15 p m
Express to and from Venango City	10:40 p m	12:25 a m
Brady's Bend Accom'n	3:00 p m	10:20 a m
Soda Works Accom'n	5:30 p m	7:55 a m
First Hulton Accom'n	8:50 a m	11:40 a m
Second Hulton Accom'n	12:00 m	3:55 p m

Church Train leaves Soda Works at 8:05 a. m., arriving at Pittsburgh, at 9:50 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 1:10 p. m., arriving at Soda Works at 2:55 p. m.
H. BLACKSTONE, Superintendent.
W. F. HOPE, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

On and after THURSDAY, March 5, 1868 the Trains will leave the Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 a m	6:00 p m
M'Keesport Accommod'n	11:00 a m	9:05 p m
Express to and from Uniontown	3:00 p m	10:00 a m
West Newton Accom'n	4:30 p m	8:35 a m
Braddock's Accommodation	6:15 p m	7:50 p m
Night Accommodation to McKeesport	10:30 p m	6:40 a m
Sunday Church Train to and From West Newton	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

For tickets apply to J. R. KING, Agent.
WM. B. STOUT, Sup't.

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BOWEN, POTTER & EBBS,
WOOL
Commission Merchants,
102 CHESTNUT STREET,
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Consignments solicited. Cash advances made. Sales guaranteed.

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FOR THE SALE OF

Flour,	Grain,	Hay,
Bacon,	Lard,	Tallow,
Cheese,	Butter,	Eggs,
Dried Fruit,	Green Fruit,	Beans,
Wool,	Feathers,	

And every thing in the line of PRODUCE, &c.
NO. 10 MARKET ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Prices Current sent on notice.

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Weekly Prices Current and Marking Plates sent to Consignors.

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JOHN F. CLULEY
HAS REMOVED TO 134 SMITHFIELD ST.
Directly opposite the old stand.

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HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS
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Having opened a New Quarry on the line of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, at Apollo Station we are prepared to furnish the best quality of
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On short notice, and of any sizes required. Contractors, Builders and others are respectfully invited to examine these Stone, as their quality is such as cannot fail to give satisfaction. Address
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SANDUSKY ST., Allegheny city, Pa., manufacturers of Steam Engines, Pulleys, Shafting Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.

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Every Description of Steel.
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Manufacturers of Every Description of
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BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL.
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SAW PLATES.
Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Locomotive and RR Car Springs; RR. Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Spring, Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc.; Oil Drill Steel.
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REWARD—We will give TWENTY DOLLARS IN GOLD for each and every ounce of ADULTERATION found in White Lead (of our manufacture), bearing our name. We guarantee *Strict Purity*, and a degree of *Fineness* and *Whiteness Unequalled* by any other brand.
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25 boxes Proctor & Gamble's Mottled German Soap. Also, a full assortment of Colgate & Co.'s Toilet Soaps, Borden's Eagle Brand of Condensed Milk and Extract of Beef, Morton's Pineapple Cheese, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery of
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BRIDGE IRON;
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T RAILS, 16 and 30 inch to yard;
TRAM RAILS, punched and countersunk;
BOILER, BRIDGE AND TANK RIVETS;
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SQUARE AND HEXAGON NUTS;
CAST AND WROUGHT IRON WASHERS;
MACHINE AND PLOW BOLTS;
WROUGHT IRON HINGES;
TUYERE IRONS;
BRIDGE BOLTS AND CASTINGS;
ROOF AND TRUSS BOLTS;
COAL CAR WHEELS AND AXLES;
BARGE AND COAL CAR BOLTS;
STOVE AND SAW RODS;
R. R. SPLICE BARS AND BOLTS, &c.
A full assortment of standard sizes kept in stock.
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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; DEALERS IN
Gas Fixtures and Tubing
OF ALL KINDS.
Cor. of Pike and Walnut Sts.,
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Call and examine our Steam Pump before purchasing elsewhere. It is plain and substantial; equal if not superior to any Pump now in use.

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Prompt attention given to REPAIRS.

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SUCCESSORS TO BOLLMAN, GARRISON & CO.,
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MANUFACTURERS OF
CHILLED ROLLS, all sizes,
Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.
For IRON, STEEL, BRASS, COPPER, ZINC, SILVER, GOLD, PAPER and INDIA RUBBER WORK. ALSO,
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
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STOVE WORKS.
MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING
STOVES,
Among which are the celebrated NATIONAL, TALISMAN, TROPIC and EUREKA—Coal Cook Stoves. Also, VETERAN, POMONA and IRONSIDES—Wood Cook Stoves,
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Agents for Lotze's celebrated HOTEL and FAMILY RANGES.
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MANUFACTURERS OF
Fine Light Castings,
ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
For Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c., &c.
All Job Work Promptly Attended to.
Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny city, Pa.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILLS AND SMELTING WORKS.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.,
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Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Fire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinner's Machines and Tools.
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Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.

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FAIRBANK'S PATENT PLATFORM AND COUNTER SCALES.
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EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,
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(Opposite Monongahela House),
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[illegible]

CORKS AND BUNGS.

[illegible]

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[illegible]

DRY GOODS.

[illegible]

DRUGGISTS.

[illegible]

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[illegible]

FOUNDRIES.

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FLOUR DEALER.

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GUNS, AMMUNITION, &C.

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HAIR WORKERS.

[illegible]

IRON SAFES, &C.

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IRON RAILINGS, FENCES.

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INSURANCE.

[illegible]

JEWELERS.

[illegible]

MACHINERY.

[illegible]

MILLINERY, &C.

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ROOFING.

[illegible]

STOVES AND TINWARE.

[illegible]

STEAM GUAGES.

[illegible]

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

[illegible]

STORAGE.

[illegible]

TRUNKS, VALISES, &C.

[illegible]

TINNERS' STOCK.

[illegible]

The Daily Commercial

CANTON, OHIO.

Laying of Corner Stone of New Court House for Stark County.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

CANTON, O., July 4, 1868.

The laying of the corner stone of the new court house of Stark county took place to-day at Canton. The order of the exercises were: Music by the band; singing by glee clubs; prayers, Rev. Peter Herbruck and Rev. J. W. Goodman. The large assembly was addressed by William A. Lynch and Seraphim Meyer, Esq. The laying of the corner stone took place at eleven o'clock. The contents of the box were—first, date of the settlement of Stark county, by whom made and present population; also, a brief history of the county to date; second, date of the erection of the first court house and its demolition; third, original act organizing the county; fourth, proceedings of Commissioners pertaining to the building of the first court house; fifth, order of the Commissioners for building the new court house, resolution of City Council proposing to purchase and donate additional grounds, date of election by which the resolution was confirmed, and record of the vote polled pro and con; sixth, copies of the contract with the builders, names of architect, master builders and workmen engaged up to this time upon the building; eighth, names of the present chief judicial and executive officers of the United States and State of Ohio, with names of all the public officers of the county; ninth, copies of all newspapers published in Stark county; tenth, copies of the Constitution of the United States and of Ohio; eleventh, the different denominations of national coins and currency; twelfth, a copy of this day's proceedings.

Republican Nominations in Van Wert Ohio.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

VAN WERT, OHIO, July 5, 1868.

The Republicans of Van Wert county met in Convention yesterday and nominated the following ticket: Prosecuting Attorney, James L. Price; Clerk of Court, James E. Morrison, one of "Sherman's bummers;" Infirmary Director, William Wilson. There was a large attendance and the proceedings were harmonious and enthusiastic.

The Good Templars of Lima, Delphos, Middlepoint and Van Wert lodges, held a grand re-union picnic in a grove eight miles east of here on Saturday. Reading of the Declaration of Independence, delivering of several short addresses, music by the Van Wert band and several glee clubs, and disposing of a bountiful supply of refreshments was the order of the day. Everything was an entire success.

Drowned While Bathing.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

VALPARAISO, IND., July 5, 1868.

A boy, aged about fifteen years, son of Geo. Austin, a resident of this place, was drowned this afternoon while bathing in Sager's mill dam, about a mile southeast of the city. Efforts are being made for the recovery of the body, which they hope to find in a few hours.

Charles Baker, of Williamsburg, New York, was accidentally shot by a friend named Dearson, on Saturday evening, killing him instantly. On seeing what he had done, Dearson ran to the foot of Grand street and drowned himself.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

English Crop Prospects Favorable.

Celebration of the Fourth in Europe.

Discussion of French Budget.

An Entire French Corps Furloughed.

AUSTRIA DISARMING 30,000 MEN.

No Political News.

LONDON, Evening, July 4.—The political news is meagre and unimportant. The weather is unusually warm. The harvest prospects continue favorable.

Dinner in London.

LONDON, July 4, 1868.—According to time-honored custom, the Americans in London celebrated the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence, by giving a public dinner at Langham's Hotel. Dr. Moran was Chairman. A large number of prominent Englishmen were present. Toasts were exchanged, congratulatory and patriotic speeches made, and the greatest cordiality prevailed.

The Fourth at Berlin.

BERLIN, July 4.—The citizens of the United States in this city, and a number of their friends, observed the fourth of July by a public dinner. Mr. Bancroft being absent, United States Consul Kreisman occupied the chair.

Independence Day at Stuttgart.

STUTTGART, July 4.—A public banquet and ball was given by the Americans here yesterday, in celebration of Independence Day. United States minister Bancroft was present, and many government officers and German friends of America took part in the festivities.

Debate in Corps Legislatif.

PARIS, July 4.—In the Corps Legislatif yesterday, the discussion of the Budget was continued by M. Jules Favre. He said France and the neighboring powers desired peace, and the Government of the Emperor must decide whether its policy should be for peace or war. Minister Rouher replied that in this financial question the attack of the opposition, which he characterized as an attempt against the Empire, was weak and wanting only of votes. A strong army, he declared, was a pledge of peace. By her acts France was to preserve peace and independence, but all nations must ever be prepared for the contingency of war. France had no hidden designs, but she could not consent to a disarmament, for no confidence could be placed in the fraternity of nations. Mr. Rouher, in a subsequent speech, closing the debate, said the Emperor's government accepted the idea of German unity, and recognized the rights of nationalities. The only war possible for France was one in defense of her territory, her honor, or her self-reliance.

Furloughs.

It is reported that furloughs are to be granted to all the rank and file of the Fifth Corps d' Armee.

Austria Disarming.

VIENNA, July 4.—The Austrian Government has initiated the work of disarming by issuing leave of absence to 30,000 men in the standing army. Prime Minister Beust has made a reply to the recent allocution of the Pope on the state of religion in Austria. The note has not yet been made public.

Servia.

BELGRADE, July 4.—The National Chamber of Servia has passed a law excluding Prince Alexander Kara Georgevich and his family from all rights of succession to the throne. The regulation of the succession having been completed, the Chamber has adjourned. Milan was to-day consecrated and anointed at the cathedral as the sovereign Prince of Servia, with most imposing religious and military ceremonies.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamer Australasian, from New York, arrived at Queenstown to-day. The steamship Baltimore sailed for Baltimore from Southampton to-day.

London Money Market.

[illegible]

Paris Bourse.

[illegible]

Liverpool Markets.

[illegible]

Antwerp Petroleum Market.

[illegible]

THE NATIONAL HOLIDAY.

Observance of the Day in [illegible], Ohio, Washington, D. C., and Other Places.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

[illegible], Ohio, July 5, 1868.

There was no formal observance of the fourth yesterday. A number of picnics were held in the woods surrounding the city, the most extensive of which was the Sabbath School picnic of the Presbyterian Church, which was largely attended. The different base ball clubs attended the base ball tournament at Galion. The Wolverine of this city took the first Junior prize, a silver ball, beating the Stars of Bucyrus. The Independents of this city played for the Senior prize, beating the Mt. Gilead club badly, but were in turn beaten by the Capitals of Columbus by a score of 33 to 11. They brought back the second senior prize, a silver mounted bat. Weather hot, the thermometer ranging as high as 95 in the shade.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

ASHLAND, O., July 5, 1868.

The County Sabbath School Mass Meeting held here yesterday was a grand success. The number of scholars and teachers in attendance is estimated at three thousand. The banners of the various schools attracted much attention, especially those of the Lutheran schools of this village. The procession was over one mile in length. Arriving at a beautiful grove the school separated into groups, each school having its own table. After a happy hour spent in festive enjoyment, the scholars, teachers and parents brought together at the stand where the exercises of the day were held. Rev. W. Clayton, of Cincinnati, addressed the meeting in a speech of an hour in length, and was listened to by the vast audience with great attention. His remarks were humorous and eloquent. After the address, sentiments were presented and responded to by Judge T. C. Bushnell, Rev. John Robinson, Rev. Mr. Swick and Rev. Mr. Zimmerman.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WOOSTER, OHIO, July 5, 1868.

There was an old fashioned celebration of the Fourth yesterday in this city, under the special management of the Wooster Fire Company, No. 1, German. It was held in the grove, and the Mayor and Council, and a large number of citizens were present. The representatives of all political parties mingled harmoniously together, and lager beer flowed freely among the Germans. The dinner was a sumptuous repast, gotten up in the best style and appropriately discussed. Good music was furnished by the Wooster Silver Cornet Band. Speeches were made by T. S. Ingard in German, and General R. B. Spink in English. Both were loudly applauded. Our German citizens entered enthusiastically into the affair, and deserve much credit for their participation.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, July 4, 1868.

The day was intensely hot and the city almost deserted. The Mayor's order against the firing of guns, pistols, crackers, &c., was rigidly enforced, and the streets consequently were very quiet. The Departments were all closed. There was no organized celebration except by Sunday Schools and colored militia companies. Thousands of citizens rode out into the country, and there were scores of picnic excursions. There was very little disturbance anywhere. I only hear of three light casualties. There was a small display of fireworks this evening, from the Quartermaster's headquarters.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LIMA, OHIO, July 5, 1868.

The fourth was celebrated here by a picnic gotten up by the German Saengerbund, but was participated in by all classes. After the reading of the Declaration of Independence in German and English language, Hon. Judge Mackenzie addressed the crowd at some length on the affairs and prospects of our Republic. The speech was very neat and appropriate, creating much enthusiasm among its hearers. It was followed by several other brief and happy speeches. The Lima Silver Band was in attendance and the Germans spent the balance of the day in dancing in Johnson's Hall. A moonlight picnic was indulged in this evening by a large number at the beautiful grove near the depot. A fire engine tournament was held at Wapakoneta yesterday. Much disappointment was manifested, as from six to eight hand engines were expected to be present from different places and only three attended. The Reliance, of Piqua, won the first prize, a silver horn. The result was as follows: Reliance, of Piqua, with four hundred feet of hose, threw one hundred and [illegible] feet and four inches, first prize; Pacific, of Lima, threw one hundred and ninety-six and one-half feet, second prize; Washington, of Piqua, second class, no competition, threw one hundred and eighty-five feet with the wind, through two hundred feet of hose. The town was very full of people. Everything passed off quietly and satisfactorily. At Perrysburgh, Ohio, the principal feature of the day was the decoration of a new and beautiful hall for the use of the German Saengerbund. Speeches were made by several gentlemen, and it was a very pleasant affair all around. Several parties of excursionists came out from Dayton yesterday morning, on the Dayton and Michigan railroad, to Troy national road and Johnson's, to enjoy themselves in picnics, &c. Weather exceedingly hot; thermometer standing at 95 degrees.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

An Omaha dispatch says a large body of Indians crossed to the south side of the Platte river, between Plum creek and Wilson's Island, on Thursday, and drove a number of wood choppers off and compelled the mail carrier to return to the fort. A detachment of troops was sent to protect the laborers in the canyons.

The removal of troops from Fort Smith, Phil Kearney and Reno is proceeding rapidly. The troops from Reno, under Major Van Voorhees, reached Fort Russell on Friday.

In Cincinnati the Fourth passed very quietly, there being no public demonstration of any character. The weather there has been very hot, the thermometer ranging during the past week from 90 to 97 degrees. Several fatal cases of sun-stroke have occurred.

Fort Bridger dispatches say, about 2,000 Shoshones and Bannock Indians held a council with Gen. Augur on the 3d; result unknown. A large number of Snake Indians left before Gen. Augur returned from Salt Lake.

The shipments of gold from Central City in June amounted to $120,000.

At St. Louis the Fourth was observed by a general suspension of business, and a procession of the Grand Army of the Republic and the city fire department. Several of the Democratic clubs also celebrated the day.

At Cincinnati, on Saturday, a saloon fell into the excavation for a new building which had just been dug. The saloon was crowded with beer drinkers, who made a rush for the door, and all succeeded in making their escape before the falling of the wall and ceiling except two. Wm. Vandever, an awning maker, was caught under the debris, and was so severely injured that his recovery is doubtful. One of the [illegible] brothers was also seriously hurt.

The celebration of the Fourth in New York was the most marked and enthusiastic for many years. National salutes were fired and bells rung at sunrise, noon and sunset. The military parade took place early, and was a fine affair. Tammany Hall was formally dedicated by the [illegible] to the music of the "Star Spangled Banner" and "Rally Round the Flag." The Declaration of Independence was read by Judge Cardozo, and the dedicatory address by Mayor Hoffman. The utmost enthusiasm prevailed. Of course the usual pyrotechnics were in vogue from long before dawn till late at night.

In New York Saturday morning, several boys were amusing themselves with torpedoes and fire-crackers at the corner of Thirty-eighth street and Seventh avenue, when some of them made a descent into a vacant lot where the boys knew a quantity of blasting powder was stored. The lads succeeded in getting at the powder, and were in the act of pouring some from the bottle they had filled into a small can, when it caught fire from a squib in the hands of a boy who was inspecting the operation. The bottle exploded, injuring severely four boys and slightly injuring two. Their names are Charles Horn, burned on the head, body and limbs; Louis Landor, severely burned on the face, chest and limbs; Daniel Smith, slightly burned on the head and wounded with pieces of glass on the arms and legs; and Jno. McGinn, burned on the head and chest. Two other boys were injured, but not so seriously as those named. The first two are not expected to live. None of the boys are over thirteen years of age.

There was an exciting trot on the Union course, for a prize of $1,000, best three in five, between American Girl and Goldsmith Maid. The former was the winner of the first, third and sixth heats. The second was a dead heat. Time—2:25, 2:25½, 2:25½, 2:23½, 2:25 and 2:26.

The steamer Ocean Queen, from Aspinwall, brings $630,000 in specie and Panama advices to June 27th. The United States flag ship Contoocook, Admiral Hoff, arrived at Aspinwall on the 25th. The Saco was also at Aspinwall. The Chilian Congress was in session. The President's message expresses [illegible] of the conduct of hostilities with Spain, [illegible]. The yellow fever has greatly diminished at Lima, and entirely disappeared at Callao. The total number of deaths by the disease [illegible]. The fever, however, is still increasing at the Chinchas, and [illegible]. The English and French [illegible] were among the victims. Rumors were heard of an approaching revolution, and some ten or twelve persons were arrested. The United States steamer Powhatan arrived at Callao June 13. Two severe shocks of earthquake were experienced in the northern provinces of Ecuador on the 11th of June. Much property was destroyed, and five persons buried in the ruins.

In the boat races in Boston on the Fourth, the first was for single sculls, two miles, between Brown, Tyler and Hanson, won by Brown in fifteen minutes and thirty-five seconds. The second race for double sculls, same distance, was won easily by Tyler and Fay, the Boston men. The third race, for six oars, three miles, was won by the Ward brothers, beating the Harvard crew and the St. John's crew, in nineteen minutes and nineteen and a half seconds. The Harvards were twenty-six seconds behind, and the St. John's badly beaten. The fourth race, for four oars, was won by the McCallum crew of Boston, beating the Winslow crew and the Ward crew. Time, twenty-two minutes and seven and a half seconds.

St. John's Episcopal Church, Buffalo, was entirely consumed by fire Saturday night, caused by the explosion of a rocket. Loss $30,000. Insured for $20,000.

A German named Gottfried [illegible] was arrested in Buffalo yesterday, charged with arson in firing his own barn, which resulted in the destruction of the residence of Dr. J. Hanson. Loss $10,000; insured.

The Georgia Legislature met at Atlanta on Saturday. Benjamin Conly, of Augusta, was elected President of the Senate, and A. E. Marshall, of Augusta, Secretary. In the House, R. L. McWhorter, of Greene county, was elected Speaker.

John Rilands, an Irishman, was stabbed to the heart Saturday night, in Baxter street, New York, by an Italian named Donati Magaldo, with whom he had a dispute. Magaldo was arrested after a desperate struggle.

Thomas Kerrigan, residing in Brooklyn, was killed on Saturday afternoon by being stabbed with a pair of tailor's shears, by a man named David Lynch, whom he was entertaining at his house, and who became quarrelsome under the influence of liquor.

Private A. S. Gregory, of the 25th Infantry, stationed at Memphis, was shot in the face yesterday by Ed. O'Neil, lately chief of the fire department. The difficulty arose in Gregory visiting O'Neil's sister at his house, and being ordered to leave, rushed at O'Neil who then shot him. O'Neil was arrested and lodged in the station house. A number of soldiers gathered, vowing vengeance, when the police quietly removed the prisoner.

On Saturday night about eleven o'clock two whites and one negro man went to the house of Pendleton Ford, a negro, on the corner of Fourth and Hernando streets, Memphis, and gained admission. On entering the negro walked up to the bed on which Ford was lying, and shot him through the body. The party then walked off deliberately. Ford died at five o'clock yesterday morning. There is no clue to the murderers, though Ford's wife and two negro women were in the room at the time.

The Louisiana House assembled on Saturday morning, and passed a bill placing the city police under the control of the Governor, and also a bill authorizing the Governor to withhold from or deprive any officer elected hereafter of his commission whom the Governor may deem disqualified by the fourteenth amendment or by the State Constitution, and to appoint whomsoever he pleases to the vacancy thus created.

The contest by riflemen for the prizes offered at the third American National Schutzenfest was concluded Saturday night at seven o'clock. The expenses of the Schutzenfest will amount to at least $60,000; about $12,000 were received from the riflemen, representing nearly 30,000 shots on the [illegible], and over 2,000 shots on the target of honor. Thirteen Parrot guns were fired at noon in honor of the day, and General Sigel put six shots in succession into the bull's eye from the Prussian needle gun presented by the King of Bavaria in honor of his Majesty, and in the presence of the United States Commissioner of Ordnance. Police Superintendent Kennedy, who was accompanied by Chief of Police Ruffin, of Cincinnati, and Chief of Police Green, of Pittsburgh, complimented the Bund in high terms, saying, as he left, he had less trouble at the present immense gathering of Germans than at the gathering of any other nationality in his experience, for not a single arrest had been made from among the [illegible] of the Schutzenfest. [illegible] Louis Weingmann, St. Louis, Mo., [illegible]; John Becker, Guttenburg, N. Y., [illegible] points; Paul Eager, Quincy, Ills., 62; [illegible] New York city, 62; Carl F. Leib, Newark, N. J., 62; Conrad Breitenbach, New York city, 60; John Ackerman, Hoboken, 60; J. B. Fincher, New York city, 62; [illegible], Highland, Ills., 62; [illegible], Milwaukee, Wis., 62; John Wurster, Milwaukee, Wis., 60; [illegible], Cincinnati, 62; Nelson Lewis, Troy, N. Y., 62; A. [illegible], New York city, 62; A. F. Bock, Newark, N. J., 62; Wm. Ross, New York city, 61. Gold medals were also won by A. Miller, Toledo; Wm. Kraatz, Newark, N. J.; F. Burbach, Chicago; Wm. Pressey, Washington, D. C.; D. E. Loose, St. Louis; G. W. Schollerman, New York City; Fred. Enos, New York City; A. Winter, Philadelphia; N. Crosina, New York City; A. F. Fowle, Newark, N. J.; Ernest Seifert, Chicago; Paul Eggert, Quincy, Ills.; John [illegible], Highland, Ill.; John C. Saff, Huntington, Mass.; Wm. [illegible], Chicago; Wm. Stauffer, New York City. The silver medals were won by representatives from Toledo, Newark, N. J., Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Hoboken, Highland, Ill., Breese, Ill., Cleveland, St. Louis, Pittsburgh, Burlington, Iowa, Bellevue, Iowa, New York State, Detroit, Paterson, N. J., Huntington, Mass., Brooklyn, and Aurora, Ill. The report that a laborer named Wallstein was killed by a stray bullet is a mistake, as he died of sunstroke; but another man named John Casey met his death three quarters of a mile distant on the line of firing, but whether from a rifle or Fourth of July pistol, is not yet ascertained.

To-day the festivities of the Schutzenfest will close by the presentation of prizes, a grand banquet at noon, and a ball at night.

While the Spanish man-of-war Carmen was practising off Matanzas, one of her guns exploded, and four men were killed and eleven wounded.

The steamer City of Baltimore, from Europe, has arrived.

Fred [illegible], the notorious counterfeiter and forger, was arrested Saturday night at St. Louis, on a requisition from the Governor of Texas, charged with being accessory to a forgery of $20,000 at Galveston last February.

Philanthropic Efforts for Indians.

The United States Indian Commission is composed of gentlemen, distinguished personally, who are determined to see if something cannot be done to benefit the Indians. The first meeting has been held in Cooper Institute, New York. The Commission will gather facts, plead for justice to the red men, and be the enemies of those who seek to dishonor the nation by cruel treatment of the aborigines. Facts have already been gathered to show that where the Indians have been well treated, they have been good and peaceable neighbors, that white men were always the aggressors. The charitable commission have not, at present, any settled plan of action, unless the gathering of information relative to the treatment the Indians have received.

Eyes and Ears.

The most acceptable compliment one can pay to conversation is attentive listening. And the most appreciative listening (if we may use a Celticism) is done with the eyes. For the human ear, unlike that of the lower animals, is a fixed institution. It cannot be elevated or directed forward when attention is aroused. Hence its function is limited. It cannot give any outward sign of attention or appreciation to conversation. Thus, as a writer in Blackwood well says, we do our most effective listening with our eyes. And in many regards our listening is far more effective in impressing a conversational companion than speech. No deception affords such a [illegible] unconscious compliment as [illegible] watching attention manifested in wandering glances. A man's thoughts are wont to follow his eyes, and he is engrossed by what they see rather than by what he hears. Thus, though a speaking eye is a rare social gift, a listening eye is even more rare and valuable.

CITY MATTERS.

PLANING MILL FOR SALE.—Messrs. Miller & [illegible]

DEATH OF HON. [illegible] CRAWFORD, ESQ.—David Crawford, Esq., a well known [illegible]

CHURCH RE-OPENED.—St. Paul's Episcopal Church, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

FIGHT AT [illegible].—An extensive fight, which is said to have lasted nearly three hours, occurred at a pic nic given by the Sons of Mars, at Ross Grove, Saturday. A man residing in Allegheny had his skull fractured, and was taken home. A large number of parties were badly bruised, and will be likely to carry about marks of the conflict for several days. During the melee a grand rush was made for the stage, which was torn down. The fiddles were smashed to pieces, and "black eyes and bloody noses" crowned the honors of the scene.

MAN DROWNED AT DAM NO. 4.—A young man named Henry O'Neill, residing on Wilkins street, Birmingham, was drowned at Dam No. 4, on the Monongahela river, on Friday night about twelve o'clock. Deceased was stepping from one flat to another and fell between them, and before assistance could be rendered, drowned. The body was recovered on Saturday. The funeral took place at St. John's Church, Birmingham, yesterday. [illegible] had been engaged for several years running flats on the river, and was well known among river men.

DEATH OF HORSES FROM OVER-EXERTION.—A valuable horse, named after the celebrated "Magenta," belonging to McCallin Bros., liverymen in this city, dropped dead while being driven to a buggy out the Perrysville road on Saturday afternoon. The animal had been very warm from over-exertion, and had been given a drink of cold spring water just a few moments before it dropped dead. A horse belonging to the Oakland Passenger Railway Company fell dead on Saturday, while in the shafts with another horse pulling a crowded car near Oakland. The animal had been purchased but a few days ago by the Company for two hundred dollars.

CHILD RUN OVER.—Yesterday afternoon about three o'clock a carriage belonging to Mr. Ferguson, of the firm of Ferguson, Preston & Co., ran over a little daughter of James Getty, aged six years, who was crossing the Fifth street extension at the intersection of Tunnel street. The vehicle passed over the child's foot, injuring it quite severely. It is a miracle that the little girl was not trampled under the horse's hoofs. She was picked up and carried to her parents' residence, on Bedford street, in the Eighth ward, where she was attended to. Mr. Ferguson kindly agreed to defray all bills incurred in the recovery of the child.

BODY RECOVERED.—The body of Joseph Tate, who was drowned while bathing in the Allegheny river on Friday evening, near Craig's saw mill, in the First ward, Allegheny, was recovered on Saturday, near where the drowning occurred. Coroner Clawson was summoned and an inquest held on the body. It appears from the evidence adduced that the deceased, in company with a young man named A. Campbell, had entered a small boat and gone a short distance out into the river, [illegible]. The deceased swam to a log, then jumped off it and was swimming back to the boat, when he sank. Campbell, who was in the boat, being unable to swim, attempted to reach him, but failed to do so in time to save him. The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning. The deceased was twenty-eight years of age, and lived in the Second ward, Allegheny.

The Canoe Race on the Allegheny.

There was a large crowd along the banks of the Allegheny river between St. Clair and Hand street bridges Saturday afternoon, to witness the novelty of a canoe race. The bridges were also crowded. The contestants made their appearance at half past ten o'clock, [illegible] and J. C. Campbell the other. [illegible]

Races at Oakland Park.

Our National holiday was celebrated on Saturday afternoon at Oakland Park, by two exciting races. The first was a mile pacing race between "Red Rover," owned by Wm. McCully, and "Cold Water Billy," owned by Frank Archer. "Cold Water Billy" was the favorite in betting, but he proved not to be a match for "Red Rover," who won in three straight heats, making them in 2:38, 2:37½ and 2:36, respectively. The second was a pacing match, two mile heats, between "Jennie Vail" and "Kate Morgan," a Kentucky horse, the former winning both heats, making the time of 5:26 and 5:28.

Parade of the Altoona Fire Department.

The Fourth of July was celebrated in Altoona on Saturday by a grand parade of the Fire Department of that city. The parade was an entire success, delegations being present from every fire company in the city, the Vigilant, Good Will, Altoona, Excelsior and Empire Hook and Ladder. The procession numbered some hundreds, and paraded through the principal streets of the city. [illegible] Mr. John Hamill, of the Vigilant Fire company, of this city, attended the parade.

BASE BALL.

Match Games on the Fourth—The Visit of the Atlantics, of Brooklyn.

An interesting match game of base ball took place on Saturday between the Olympic Club, of Allegheny, and the Mutuals, of East Liberty, two of our best clubs, at the Union Park, Allegheny. Considering the extreme heat of the day there was a good attendance of spectators. The game was well played throughout, and resulted in the success of the Olympics. The score stood as follows:

OLYMPIC.	O.	R.	MUTUAL.	O.	R.
Chambers, c	[illegible]	[illegible]	McKelvey, p	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible], 2 b	[illegible]	[illegible]	Woodwell, 3 b	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	McKelvey, s s	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Kerr, c f	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Martin, l f	[illegible]	[illegible]
Loomis, l f	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible], c	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	J McKelvey, 2 b	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wilkins, r f	[illegible]	[illegible]	Turner, 1 b	[illegible]	[illegible]
S Loomis, 1 b	[illegible]	[illegible]	Lyle, r f	[illegible]	[illegible]
		28			16

INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Olympic	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	—28
Mutual	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	—16

Umpire, Al. Kramer.

The Liberty and Republic clubs, of Allegheny, played a match game on Saturday, resulting in a victory for the latter by a score of 3 to 1.

The celebrated Atlantic Base Ball Club, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will arrive here on Wednesday [illegible], and will be the guests of the Allegheny club, whom they will play on the latter's grounds at Union Park, Allegheny, at two P. M., of that day. [illegible] Ample accommodation for spectators will be made, and no doubt a large crowd will assemble at the Park to witness the game.

Sad Case of Drowning—Three Boys Drowned While Bathing—Recovery of the Bodies.

We stated in Saturday's issue that a report was in circulation in Allegheny on Friday night that two boys named Taylor, sons of Mr. Isaac Taylor, of Allegheny, were drowned in the river that day. The report turned out to be true, but the facts add another name to the unfortunate ones—that of a boy named Nelson, son of Mr. Wm. Nelson, painter, on Market street, who lived at Woods' Run. It appears that on Friday the three boys were bathing together in the Ohio river, near McKee's Rocks. One of the Taylor boys took cramp while in deep water, and the other two went to his assistance. In attempting to save the lad, all three went down and were drowned. Search was instituted for the bodies and on Saturday evening the body of young Nelson was found near the scene of the drowning, by means of a diving [illegible]. Yesterday morning the bodies of the two boys Taylor, were found floating [illegible]

The Fourth.

The anniversary of our independence as a nation, in this city, was not marked by anything unusual, neither was it marred by any outburst of passion, leading to riot or lawlessness, as has too often been the case in time past. The heat was so intense that but comparatively few persons were seen on the streets, and even the places of amusement were but poorly patronized. Those who were disposed to go about at all, fled to the woods, and all the public groves were occupied by pic-nic parties. [illegible]

Sudden Death—Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner Clawson held an inquest yesterday on the body of a man named John Douglas, who was found dead in his bed at the boarding house of James O'Rourke, No. 5 Wood street. The deceased was employed on the new street railway in Allegheny, and had boarded at the house mentioned for two months past. [illegible]

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The Carncross & Dixey minstrels concluded the first week of their engagement on Saturday evening, when the house was filled to overflowing. During the past week they have delighted large and fashionable audiences nightly by their excellent performances, [illegible]

THE MUSEUM.—Major Burnell continues to be well patronized at Franklin Hall, where his collection of curiosities pleases old and young.

THE THEATRE closed abruptly on Saturday night, [illegible]

Special Train This Morning.

At 9:30 o'clock, from Western Pennsylvania Railroad, Allegheny City, to the second unreserved Auction sale of lots and country sites at Hazelton. Free lunch on ground. Smithson, Vanhook & McClelland.

On the 15th of July,

Mr. Chas. Boaler, who has been to great expense in importing Arabian horses, and breeding thoroughbreds, will offer the whole of his magnificent stud of horses at public auction, at his farm near Jenkintown, Pennsylvania, about [illegible] from Philadelphia. The stock embraces the purest strains of the descendants of the steeds of the desert, and those desiring the hardy Arabian blood will find it to their advantage to attend the sale. At the same time and place Mr. Boaler will sell his fine herd of Alderneys, together with his wagons, carriages, &c. As Mr. B. has projected an extended tour through Europe, the sale will be positive.

A Large Lot

of soiled and damaged summer clothing for sale, at very low figures, at 82 Market street. B. Oppenheimer. Call soon, as the goods will be sold at whatever price they will bring. 82 Market street. B. Oppenheimer.

American House, Boston.

The largest first class Hotel in New England. Vertical Railway; Apartments with Bathing and Water conveniences connecting.

Lewis Rice & Son,
Proprietors.

Dr. Aborn, Eye and Ear Surgeon and Physician for Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Office 134 Smithfield street. tf

Conquered at Last.

An unhealthy system is generally produced by an unhealthy stomach, and the latter is a sure indication of poor digestion. When digestion is bad every part of the entire system must necessarily suffer, and the mind itself shows the effects of it in the low spirits of the patient. Indigestion is the parent of a thousand and indescribable miseries—all symptoms of worse disorder yet to come. The premonitory indications of that terror of our race—Dyspepsia—every one knows. Now, why suffer the penalties of delay when the use of Mishler's Herb Bitters, not only immediate relief but positive and permanent cure can be realized. This celebrated Household Remedy is an infallible remedy for all disease arising from a disordered stomach and will eradicate them. Be reasonable with yourself—consult your own interests—throw away your pharmacopeia prescriptions and take a course of Mishler's Herb Bitters. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Proprietors, Lancaster, Pa.

☞ Depot for Mishler's Herb Bitters, McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 55 Market, corner Diamond.

Secure Health in Advance.

It is as difficult to extinguish a raging fever as a raging fire; but you can prevent a conflagration by rendering your dwelling fire-proof, and you can prevent an attack of fever by invigorating and purifying you "House of Clay."

The "outside pressure" upon the constitution and vital powers is tremendous. Every pore of the millions which cover the surface of the body is a drain upon its substance and its strength. To meet this depletion, to keep up the stamina under such a constant outflow of dissolving flesh, a tonic and invigorant is absolutely necessary, and time, that tries all things, has proved that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS impart a degree of strength and resistant power to the over-taxed vital forces, which is unattainable by any other known means. The effect of this inestimable vegetable preparation is to increase the appetite, accelerate digestion, tone the secretive organs, give firmness to the nerves, purify the blood, cheer the spirits, and by thus rallying all the forces of the body, enable it to defy the enervating influence of the heat, pass triumphantly through the trying ordeal of the summer months. As a safeguard against epidemics, and a preventive of the feebleness, lassitude and prostration, of which so many thousands complain at this season, it has a national reputation founded on twenty-five years of uninterrupted and unequaled success.

☞ Depot for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 55 Market, corner Diamond.

Similia Similibus Curantur.

SLEEPLESS CRYING, TEETHING CHILDREN.

All know how unpleasant are these accompaniments of babyhood, and most intelligent persons know, also, the sad consequences to health, and often life, from the use of anodynes, cordials and similar baby doses used to quiet them. HUMPHREY'S SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC BABY'S PILLS (a pleasant sugar pill), which you may drop into the mouth at any time, give you everything to be desired from medicine. They calm excitement, allay the irritation of teething, relieve colic and bowel complaints, and procure natural and quiet rest, without the disadvantages of cordials or opiates. They have been used for years and approved by all who use them or abhor dosing.

Price, 25 cents per box, with directions. Six boxes, $1.25.

FAMILY CASES

of 35 large vials, morocco case, containing a specific for every ordinary disease a family is subject to, and a book of directions. $10 00

Smaller FAMILY and TRAVELING cases, with 20 to 28 vials, from - - - - $5 to 8

These Remedies, by the case or single box, are sent to any part of the country, by Mail or Express, free of charge, on receipt of the price. Address HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC

Homeopathic Medicine Company,

Office and Depot, No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Dr. Humphreys is consulted daily at his office, personally or by letter, as above, for all forms of disease. d*

The above medicine can be obtained of the following agents: B. L. Fahnestock & Co., (wholesale druggists,) Dr. G. H. Keyser, McClarran & McKennan, Mrs. Miner's book store, all of Pittsburgh; J. J. East, Allegheny City.

☞ Depot for Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicines, McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 55 Market, corner Diamond.

JAMES T. BRADY & Co.

(Successors to S. JONES & Co.,)

Cor. Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

7-30'S CONVERTED

INTO THE

New 5-20 Coupon Bond

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

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BANKERS

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GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Sts.

City of Pittsburgh 7 Per Cent.

Water Loan Extension Bonds

EXEMPT FROM STATE, COUNTY, AND CITY TAXATION.

FOR SALE AT

PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
MONDAY, July 6, 1868. }

The following are the receipts of crude oil for the past week and from the first of January; also, the exports of refined and crude by the Allegheny Valley Railroad and the Pennsylvania Central, together with a comparison table with 1867:

	Crude Rec'ts by river and rail.	Exp'ts per Penn'a Central.	Exp'ts per Alle. Val. Railroad.
Monday, June 29	752	843	2,078
Tuesday, June 30	450	369	2,388
Wednesday, July 1	645	474	1,815
Thursday, July 2	....	676	1,954
Friday, July 3	1,876	396	1,913
Saturday, July 4	2,468	1,084	1,957
Total for week	6,191	3,842	12,105
Since January 1	595,519	66,274	195,511
To July 4	601,710	70,086	207,616
Same time 1867	636,371	79,247	282,341

BUSINESS.

The market during the week was an active one. The sales were large at a further advance in crude and refined. The advance in crude ranged from 1½@2c ₱ gallon. The advance in refined was about the same. The market closed on Friday night very firm. The Eastern and Europe markets were equally firm.

CRUDE RECEIPTS.

The receipts of crude were larger than the previous week, the amount received being 6,191 barrels, against 2,838 barrels for the week ending June 28; increase this week 3,353 barrels. The receipts from all points from January 1st to date, were 601,710, against 636,371 barrels for the same time in 1867—a falling off this year amounting to 34,661 bbls.

EXPORTS.

The week's exports were as follows: Per Pennsylvania railroad, 3,842 bbls, per Allegheny Valley railroad, 12,105 bbls; total, 15,947 bbls, against 15,598 bbls for the previous week—increase this week 349 bbls, pretty close.

Exports by rail from January 1st to date were 277,702 bbls, against 272,408 during the same period in 1867, showing an increase for this year of 5,294 barrels.

SALES.

The week's sales were among the largest we have reported for some time. Crude, 60,700 barrels; refined, 24,500 barrels; total, 85,200 barrels, against 57,-400 barrels the previous week—an increase this week of 27,800 barrels.

Saturday—There was nothing done in oil on Saturday. The oil dealers, on Friday evening, adjourned until ten o'clock on Monday morning, in order that all hands might have a chance to enjoy the Fourth.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

Montzheimer, K & Co.	160	J. Wilkins	240
Fawcett, Logan & Co.	80	D M Edgerton	320
McKee, Hackett & Co.	960	Lockhart, F & Co.	240
Nat. Ref. & Stor'g Co.	400		
Total			2,400

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

McKelvey Bros & Co, 167 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.
Citizens Refining Co, 250 bbls ref, to Empire Storage Co, Philadelphia.
H W C Tweddle, 50 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.
H W C Tweddle, 60 bbl benzole to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.
Livingston Bros, 100 bbl benzole to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.
Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 50 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro, Phila.
W A Sproule, 53 bbls tar to W P Logan & Bro, Phila.
J C Kirkpatrick & Co, 101 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.
[illegible] & Co, [illegible] to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.
McKee, Hackett & Co, 250 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro, Phila.
Frew, [illegible] & Co, 250 bbls ref to Waring, King & Co, Phila.
Pennsylvania Oil Works, 200 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.
Evans & Wagner, 100 bbls tar to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
Nat. Ref & St Co, 306 bbls ref to F A Dilworth, Phila.
Forsyth, [illegible] & Co, 307 bbl ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.
B W Morgan & Co, 280 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.
Lockhart, Frew & Co, 256 bbls benzole to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.
Clark & Sumner, 340 bbls ref to Peter Wright & Sons, Philadelphia.
Total Shipments Refined............3,090 bbls.
Total Shipments Benzole............416 bbls.
Total Shipments Tar............153 bbls.

Oil Shipped East from Duquesne Depot

Warden & Batchelor, 146 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.
Brooks, Ballantine & Co, 143 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.
G W [illegible] & Co, 190 bbls ref to Waring, King & Co, Phila.
H M Long & Co, 84 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.
Union Ref & St Co, 30 bbls tar to W P Logan & Co, Philadelphia.
J C Kirkpatrick & Co, 12 bbl ref to W P Loggan & Bro, Phila.
McKenna & Rogers, 45 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.
Hutchinson Oil Refining Co, 87 bbls ref to Waring King & Co, Phila.
Hutchinson Oil Refing Co, 137 bbl ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.
Total Shipment Refined............842 bbls
Total Shipments Tar............30 bbls.

PETROLEUM MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

There has been an active demand for crude, and the market has advanced and closes firm at 17 cents in bulk; the sales are 6400 bbls., in bulk, at 16@16½ cents; 1000 do., for July, 16½c; 3000 do., August, 17c; and 2000 do., in shipping order, 21@21½c. Refined, in bond, has also been in active request, and prices have advanced, both for spot and forward delivery. We quote S. W., at the close, 33@34½ cents. Sales 9500 bbls. S. W. at 32@33 cents; 1500 do., in bulk, 27@28c; 4000 do., July, 32@33c; and 15,000 do., August, 33@34c, closing at the higher price. Free is in good demand, and firm at 37 cents for S. W. Naptha—Sales have been made of 1250 bbls. at 15@15½ cents, now held at 20@21c; 3000 cases do., 25c; and 2000 bbls., for October, November and December, on private terms.

Received since January 1st—

1868............bbls. 466 665 | 1867............bbls. 397,553

Exports since 1st January—		1868.	1867
From New York	galls.	23,704,861	14,937,215
From other ports		17,543,173	13,064,389
Total	galls.	41,248,034	28,001,602
Same time 1866	galls.		25,665,735
Same time 1865			5,084,755

Stock in yard July 1—		1868.	1867.
Crude	bbls.	*28,805	9,571
Refined		28,099	19,909
Naptha		774	392
Residuum		173	None
Total	bbls.	57,851	29,872
Stock June 1		60,920	60,033

*Including 9,500 bbls crude on shipboard.

PHILADELPHIA.

The Commercial List of Saturday reports the market quiet up to Wednesday noon, when the reported scarcity of crude oil in Pittsburgh, the stoppage of two wells which had averaged 1,300 bbls per day, and favorable Antwerp advices caused an active inquiry, and prices advanced 1@1½c ₱ gallon—closing strong to-day at this improvement. Sales of 1,500 bbls crude at 19½c—now held at 20½@21c; 13,000 bbls do in bulk at 15@16c—part for all July—now held at 16½c; 18,000 bbls refined in bond, S. W., at 30½c, 32½@33c and to day 4,000 bbls at 32c—now held higher; 11,000 bbls for all July at 31½c up to 33c. b. o., including 5,000 bbls to day at the latter rate; 5,000 bbls S. W. for August at 34c b o.; 2,000 bbls S. W. last half of September at 33c. b. o.; 1,500 bbls August to October at 33c b. o.; 1,500 bbls. August to November at 33c b. o.; 1,500 bbls, September to November, at 33c b. o.; 2,500 bbls. August to December, to-day at 34c b. o.—now held higher. Closing at 33@33½c on the spot; 33c all the month; 33@33½c for August; 33½c for September; 34c for October; 34½c for November, and 35c for December. Free oil sells at 34@35c. Residuum is held at $3 50@3 75, and of Naptha 500 bbls sold at 16½c, and 1,000 bbls for the first half of July at 16½c. There is a steady demand for lubricating oils, and prices are firm at the recent advance. Sales 150 bbls Galena, 22 gravity, at 60c; 200 bbls, 27 gravity, at 38c; volcanic is steady at 40@45c; American natural at 50@55c; Longmoor at 35c, and Mount Farm at 35c; 50 bbls sperm lubricator is held at $1 25; and 50 bbls coach oil at 40c.

The exports for the week were 61,000 gallons benzine and 409,017 gallons refined. Total 470,017 gallons. Total exports since January 1st, 1868, 15,694,-[illegible] gallons; against 11,920,184 gallons for the same period of 1867.

There are now chartered and loading with petroleum for foreign ports 37 vessels.

IRON.

NEW YORK.

The market for Scotch pig has become very firm and is higher, with a moderate stock on hand and that in few hands with little on the way, the steamers' room being engaged for some time to come in bringing 4,000 tons of rails. The scarcity of No 1 American, necessitates the use of Scotch, hence the improved demand. Sales reported by the Shipping List are 350 tons Glengarnock $38 50@$41; 50 do a resale at $41 50; 150 do Monclon at $39; 100 do Carnroe $39; 100 do Summerlee $38, all ex ship; 200 do Langloan and Eglinton, $40; 200 do Gartsherrie $42, both from yard; 200 do Coltness $42@43, both to arrive; and 50 do Coltness, here, about $42—$41 is now asked for Gartsherrie and Coltness, and $42 for the common brands from yard, there being little or none offering afloat. No. 1 American continues scarce and is $1 higher, with sale of 25 tons best brands at $40; 150 do Clove $37; 150 do Columbia $37; and 1200 do mostly Crane No. 2 and No. 2 ex. $35@36. Market values are rather unsettled, but we quote good to best No. 1 Pennsylvania brands, $39@40; Hudson river $37; No. 2 $35@37; and Forge $32@33. Rails continue scarce and in request and prices tend upward; the sales are 1800 tons old American T, part at $30; 215 do old foreign double headed, $49 short time; 200 do same $48, cash; 1000 do same to arrive, and 1200 do new American $80@83 c., part at works on terms we did not learn.

PHILADELPHIA.

Pig metal is reported dull and steady; sales of No. 1 Foundry at $37@38; No. 2 do at $35@36; 400 tons No. 3 at $33; Gray Forge at $32@33; and Lebanon White and Mottled at $29. Scotch pig—The demand is limited. Manufactured Iron—Bar iron sells slowly at $85. We hear that considerable sales of old railroad bars have been made at equal to $48 ₱ ton. Scrap iron ranges from $47 to $49 ₱ ton. Blooms—are neglected. Nails unchanged.

IRONTON, OHIO.

The Journal reports pig iron as in very limited demand, and prices tending downward. The receipts for the week are 275 tons, and shipments 330 tons. We quote:

CHARCOAL.

Mill, hot blast............$36 00@38 00
Foundry, hot blast............39 00@41 00
Etna, cold blast, No. 1 Carwheel............55 00 cash.
Hecla, cold blast, No. 1 Carwheel............60 00 cash.

BITUMINOUS.

Belmont, No. 1............$37 00@39 00

We hear of a sale of No. 1 Foundry at $40, and No. 2 do. at $38.

Bar iron is dull and the demand light at 3½@3¾c for common.

The Lawrence mills have stopped again for a few days to take account of stock.

The Ironton mills still remain a monument of silent [illegible].

Nails are less brisk than for some time, and are still held at $4 85 for 10 to 60d although a concession of 10c ₱ keg may be expected in harmony with the Cincinnati market.

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Corner WOOD and FIFTH STS.

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In sums of $5,000 and upwards.

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Bankers and Brokers,

14 WALL STREET,

NEW YORK.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES of all kinds bought and sold at market rates.

INTEREST allowed on deposits of GOLD or CURRENCY subject to check on demand.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Sterling Exchange, Bonds, Stocks and Gold on commission.

We are constantly represented in the Board of Stock Brokers, and in the Gold Exchange by one of our firm. P. O. Box 4,203.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
SATURDAY EVENING, July 4, 1868. }

During the past week trade has been light, and the stagnation, which has prevailed in all departments for some time past, still continues, without prospects of improvement until after the new crop arrives in the market. To-day being our national anniversary holiday there was nothing whatever done in the way of business. The receipts of produce continue very light, but adequate to supply all current wants.

The following are the current wholesale store prices.

ASHES—Sales of pearls at 10½c ₱ lb; common soda ash at 4¾c, and refined at 5c ₱ lb.

LEAD—Pig lead sells at 10c ₱ lb.

BUTTER—Market dull, with fair receipts. Prime to choice packed can be quoted at 23@25c ₱ lb.

EGGS—Market dull at 20 ₱ dozen.

BEESWAX—In a retail way we note sales at 40c ₱ lb.

CHEESE—There has been a fair demand for Goshen at 17@18c; factory at 15@16c, and Hamburg at 13@14c ₱ lb.

LARD OIL—Trade moderate at $1 40 for extra No. 1, and $1 20 for No. 2.

BACON, LARD, ETC.—There has been a fair inquiry all the week, and we quote sugar cured hams 19½@19¾c; shoulders 13½c; rib sides 15¾@16c; clear sides 17¼@18c; canvassed dried beef 21@22c, and lard in tierces 17¼@17¾c ₱ lb.

DRIED FRUIT—Market dull but unchanged at 11@12c for peaches, and 6@6½c ₱ lb for apples.

LIME—We quote at $2 00 ₱ bbl.

POTATOES—There is a fair demand for new potatoes at $6 00@6 50 ₱ bbl. The old crop of peachblows are nearly out of market, and quoted nominally at $1 15 @1 20 ₱ bush.

SEEDS—There is no inquiry for either timothy or clover seed. Flax seed is selling at $2 50@2 55 ₱ bush.

HAY—From scales we note sales of timothy hay at $15 00@22 00 ₱ ton, as to quality.

NEW APPLES—A few new apples from Baltimore have arrived, and sold at $15 ₱ bbl to retailers.

SALT—To the trade we quote at $1 75@1 80, and from store small lots at $2 ₱ bbl.

GRAIN—Choice ear corn is in fair request at $1 00@1 05 ₱ bush. Shelled is rather dull at 98c@$1 ₱ bush. Oats continue quiet and steady at 75@77c ₱ bush in depot. Rye is firm at $1 60@1 65 ₱ bush, with a chance sale at a higher figure. Old red winter wheat is nominally $2 25@2 30 ₱ bush, and not in much demand, as millers are anticipating new wheat, and are only cleaning up old stocks at present.

FLOUR.—The market has been steady and unchanged. In the West, during the week, there has been considerable change in prices of wheat, but there is now no favorite and desirable brands of flour in the Western markets, and such brands as this trade requires have to be ordered, at present, direct from the manufacturers, and until the new crops are fairly on the markets there will be relatively more difference in prices of wheat and flour than usual, as millers will not take the chances of changes of markets at this season of the year, and changes in prices of flour may be looked for any time. As there are no stocks, and a probability that the new crop will come directly upon the market, dealers and millers act very cautiously. We quote the following brands: Dayton Snow Flake Fancy Winter, $12; White River Winter $11 50; Jenkins's Lily Mills, Winter, $11; choice Spring Wheat brands $10 25@10 50; Medium brands Spring $10; Common and low grades $8 50@9 50.

Provisions at Cincinnati.

The following report of the Cincinnati market is made by G. W. Phillips jr., in his circular reviewing the market for the past week: "Mess Pork declined to $27, with considerable sales. At the close buyers were free at this figure, with but few sellers under $27 50. Lard is also declined to 15½c, with small sales, but at this figure, to-day, buyers were free, and ½c more was offered in some cases, but generally held at 16c. Keg is scarce at 19c for winter rendered; refined 18c. Bulk Meats declined largely during the week which decline induced operators to come into the market, and the demand to-day was good at 10½c, 13c, 13½c and 14½c, all loose, for shoulders, Sides clear rib and clear Sides, with no sellers within ½@1c of these prices. Bacon, also, sympathized with other articles, and is quiet, but firmly held, and no considerable quantity could be bought at current quoted prices, holders preferring to hold through the warm months, rather than accept present offering prices. I quote nominally at 12c, 15½c and 16c for Shoulders, clear rib and clear Sides. Hams are quiet at 17c for plain and 18@19c for sugar cured. Plate Beef quiet at $20. Dried Beef 18@18½c.

Prices are Drooping.

The Philadelphia Commercial List of Saturday says, within the past sixty days flour has fallen 75 cents per barrel, wheat 65 cents per bushel, rye 15 cents, corn 9 cents, oats 7 cents, green meats 2 cents per pound, lard 4 cents, cheese 2 cents, bacon 1½ cents, wool 10 to 12 cents and spirits of turpentine 30 cents per gallon—and the bottom is not yet reached. Stand from under.

IMPORTS BY RAIL.

Pittsburgh, Ft Wayne & Chicago R. R.

Bryan & Caughey, 1 car pig iron; W W Wallace, 5 pair wheels, 5 do axels, 5 do shafts, 5 do clearers; P H Laufman & Bro, 5 do forks; Logan, Gregg & Co, 1 coke fork; Whitmore Wolf, Duff & Co, 2 coke forks; S Fahnestock & Co, 1 coke fork; S Ewerts & Co, 10 boxes cheese; J Hall, 1 hay rake, 1 plow, 3 points; J Young & Son, 1 case picture frames; McCullough, Smith & Co, 2 sks rags; E Hazleton, 25 bxs cheese; W Mullins, lot wrot scrap iron, 1 cask do; Sands & Bensman, 1 bx sad iron, 1 bx hard ware; L Peterson, 1 stove, J Loughbridge, 1 bx mouldings; Lindsay, Sterrett & Ewer, 1 bx hard ware; J Woodwell & Co, 1 bx hard ware; W & D Rinehard, 1 hhd tobacco; J M Murtland, 2 do do; W H Kirkpatrick, 21 bxs cheese; W G Bane, 1 seperator; T J Garrigan, 11 bbl cullett; T C Jenkins, 200 bbls flour; Seghmyer & Voskamp, 100 do do; Keil & Ritchart, 100 do do; S Lindsay Jr & Co, 100 do do; Watt, Lang & Co, 200 do do.

ALLEGHENY STATION—Forester & McGra, 1 car stone; Ablison, Hentz & W, 1 car clay; R Knox & Son, 250 bags oats; Adair & Shearer, 1 car stone.

Per Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.

Nimick & Co, 18 cars pig iron; Bryan & Caughey, 1 car Washington iron ore, 1 do L S ore; McKnight, Porter & Co, 4 do do; Zug & Co, 3 do do; A A Barker 7,000 shingles; C Espy, 3 bbl, 1 keg varnish; T M Howe, 25 masses copper; W Cooper & Co, 10 hlf bbl fish; R McGee & Son, 4 pcs marble; J W Woodwell, 5 pkgs furniture; Hamer & Danler, 12 do do; S Edwards & Co, 6 casks salt; T C Jenkins, 20 bxs cheese 7 bbl eggs; Stom & Rothemond, 2 bxs f varnish; J A M Selbert 7 do do, 3 bgs mdse; Arbuckle & Co, 1 bbl, 1 keg pearl barley; Watt, Lang & Co, 5 do do; Munhall & McGraw, 1 bbl do; Stricklor & Morlege, 5 pkgs oat meal; G N Hoffstot, 6 rolls leather; B P Laufman, 6 casks scrap iron, 3 bbl, 1 keg do, 1 lot loose do, 3 pkgs old copper, 1 sk tanners scraps; J B Meanor & Co, 4 sks oats; McCullough, Smith & Co, 27 sks rags; John Napier, 2 carriages; Bricker & Co, 3 bbl sacks; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 2 keg eggs, 1 keg lard; Head & Metzgar, 7 kegs butter, 2 bbl eggs, 1 hlf bbl d fruit, 1 sk rags; Cristy & Bouham, 109 sacks rags, 1 coil rope.

ALLEGHENY STATION—Keyser & Co, 1 lot tubs; Lewis, Bailey, Dalzelle & Co, 2 cars metal; McIntyre & McNish, 1 car stone; Warm & H, 1 do do; S M Cummings, 1 car lumber; Superior Iron Co, 7 cars lime stone, 1 do metal.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis R R.

F Sellers & Co, 55 tcs lard; J S Finch, 34 whisky bbls; P Schmidt, 17 cases tob; Bakewell, Pears & Co, 1 box, 1 basket wine; J A Hutchinson, half bbl wine; Haworth, McDonald & Co, 45 bxs starch; Phillips & Cubbage, 4 bbl flour; McBane & Anjer, 47 do do; Watt Lang & Co, 74 bbls flour, 1 bbl oil; R T Kennedy & Bro, 108 sks wheat; J A Emery, 2 bbl oil; T C Jenkins, 100 bbls flour; W Hastings, 2 car staves; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 13 sks corn, 2 bbl eggs; G D Whitcomb, 2 car scrap iron; M Steel & Son, 22 sacks rye, 16 do oats; W H Graff & Co, 3 bbl eggs, 42 sacks rags, 1 keg butter, 8 bbl d peaches, 1 flax seed, 2 do soap, 1 bx bacon; McElroy, Dickson & Co, 1 box dry goods; McElroy & Co, 47 bales brooms; Pittsburgh Paper Manuf Co, 27 bdls p paper.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Montzheimer, Keohler & Co, 160 bbl crude oil; J Wilkins, 240 do do; Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 80 do do; D M Edgerton, 320 do do; McKee, Hackett & Co, 960 do do; Lockhart, Frew & Co, 240 do do; Nat Ref & Stor Co, 400 do do; M DeLange, 68 green hides, 1 do dry, 2 bbl tallow; Harrison & Bro, 1 car stone; Thomas Mitchell, 80 bbl salt; Watt, Lang & Co, 60 do do; Monongahela House, 6 pkgs marketing; W F Carnahan, 4 bbl eggs; J Hoffman, 3 calves 6 sheep, 8 lambs; L Bigler, 6 calves; Head & Metzgar, 1 keg butter, 2 bbl eggs; H Woodsides, 1 car pig iron; T C Jenkins, 1 pkg eggs; J Sullivan, 3 stills, 1 coil rope; Park, Bro & Co, 6 blooms; W Miller, 1 keg butter; Scott & Gisal, 32 sacks oats, 24 do rye; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 3 bbl eggs, 6 firkins butter; Seymer & Bros, 1 bx mdse; Paul Gibson, 1 bbl eggs 1 keg butter; J Reno, 1 car lime.

HAMS,

Dried Beef and Beef Tongues.

A LARGE STOCK OF

BEST BRANDS AND CHOICEST CURE.

A large stock of Strictly Sugar Cured

Hams and Beef Tongues,

The largest stock in the market of STRICTLY SUGAR CURED.

THE OLD RELIABLE

EAGLE BRAND,

SUGAR CURED HAMS.

Good FAMILY HAMS, Canvassed or Plain, together with a large stock of SHOULDERS, SIDES, both Rib and Clear. Prime Kettle Rendered LARD, in Tierces, Kegs and Buckets, all of which we are offering to the Trade as Low as the Lowest, at 327, 329 and 331, Cor. PENN AND WAYNE STREETS.

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W. M. GORMLY,

Wholesale Grocer,

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DIRECTLY OPPOSITE EAGLE HOTEL,

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Sole Agent, and a constant supply of PHŒNIX CEMENT on hand. Liberal inducements to parties wanting large lots. 4p

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980 BBLS. PURE CIDER VINEGAR

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J. L. MARSHALL,

WOOL DEALER.

Removed to No. 191 LIBERTY STREET, (a few doors above St. Clair street) where we are prepared to pay the highest market prices for all grades of Wool. tod*

RIVER TELECRAMS.

Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

MORGANTOWN, W. VA., July 5, 1868.

River ten inches in the channel. Weather thundering and lightning and indications of rain; thermometer ninety-two at 2 P. M. W.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., July 5, 1868.

Prospect of a rise in the river. Very heavy rain and thunderstorm this afternoon and still continues, Thermometer 85 deg. Mc.

Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., July 5, 1868.

River on a stand with about sixteen inches water in the channel. Weather cool and stormy. C.

RIVER NEWS.

THE weather yesterday was changeable. In the afternoon we had heavy rains. Navigations remains suspended to all points.

THE Richmond is reported hard aground at Walker's bar, with little prospect of getting off until the river rises.

THE Memphis *Post* says that engineers, pilots and other river men get scarcely half the wages they formerly did, and finding employment scarce many of them have gone into other business.

THE marine ways at Mobile, which were destroyed by the Federals during the war, have been rebuilt by Dr. Sam Wolf and are now in operation. The steamers Rio Grande, Osceola, Clara, and barge Ingomar, are now upon them undergoing repairs.

THE Havana was receiving New Orleans freight yesterday at sixty cents per hundred......The Potomac only reports finding from thirty-two to thirty-three inches on Buffington......The Nightingale reships one hundred and fifty tons of blooms for Pittsburgh by rail.

THE Bridge Company at Louisville have decided to make the length of span over the channel of the Ohio four hundred feet, instead of three hundred and seventy, as heretofore contemplated. It is conceded by most steamboatmen that a longer span at that point would be unnecessary. The company have also offered a bonus of $75,000 for the completion of the stone work this year, and this offer has been accepted by the contractors for the masonry.

AN exchange says: Cleveland, Ohio, is building an iron steamer for lake navigation. Her dimensions are as follows: Length over all, 81 feet; breadth of beam, 15 feet; depth of hold, 5 feet. She will have side wheels, and her propelling power will consist of two engines of 25-horse power each; they will be provided with Holloway's patent metallic packing rings. She will have one tubular boiler. Her frames are of two-inch angle iron, and her plating is three-sixteenths of an inch thick.

LOUISVILLE, July 3—8 P. M.—River on stand, with four feet five inches in the canal, and two feet five inches on the falls in the pass. Clear and warm; thermometer 96 deg. The River Cloud passed down. She was the only transient arrival or departure. She discharged considerable freight here, and got 500 bbls cement and 20 tons other freight. The St. Marys comes out and goes to New Orleans on Tuesday. The Legal Tender is to have a full length cabin, to run as a low water packet to New Orleans. The Judge Fletcher came through the canal, discharging her cargo of railroad iron. She expects to load for New Orleans.

CAIRO, July 3.—The Newsboy and Wm. White, from Paducah, had very little freight. The Umpire, from Nashville, brought 33 hhds. tobacco, 14 bundles paper, 72 bbls meal for the South; 116 bars and 200 bundles iron, 56 bundles paper, for St. Louis; 6 hhds tobacco for New York. The Quickstep had a light trip. The Shark, from New Orleans to St. Louis, brought 207 cattle on her barge for the I. C. R. R.; Sam. Merwin, New Orleans to Pittsburgh; Luminary, St. Louis to Vicksburg; Kilgour, Louisville to New Orleans with a slim trip, passed to-day. The river fell three inches to-day. Clear. Mercury 92 degrees. Business dull.

THE celebrated champion rowboat, recently rowed by Hamill at Philadelphia, in the great contest between Hamill and Coulter, arrived at Louisville on Wednesday, on the mail boat and was transferred to the ferry boat for parties in Jeffersonville.

Capt. James Tschudi, late of the Memphis Packet Line, now runs the Clifton House in Sioux City, and is entirely restored in health.

The Celeste, Capt. Rees Pritchard, is on her way here from Arkansas river.

Mr. John C. Enyart, clerk of the United States snagboat J. J. Abert, arrived here yesterday, on business connected with the service. The Abert is at work at Island 18, in the Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS, July 3—Noon—The river is stationary. Business is moderate. There is a good stage of water to Cairo, and five feet to Keokuk. Several steamers have abandoned the attempt to cross the lower rapids. The packet line to St. Paul have made arrangements to transfer cargoes and passengers at the lower rapids. The Illinois river is falling, with five feet of water in the channel. The Keokuk packet, Andy Johnson, on her last trip down, rubbed at the Haunted House and Cincinnati Landing. The Missouri river is in a good boating condition. The Rush makes an excursion to-morrow to Sulphur Springs. The Stonewall arrived from Omaha yesterday—made the trip in four days. The War Eagle makes an excursion to-morrow. On her last trip from Dubuque to St. Paul she carried 200 cabin and 225 deck passengers.

THE St. Paul *Press* of last Saturday says: The river is falling quite rapidly, and the larger boats are beginning to feel the bottom at Frenchman bar, just below the city. The Sucker State grounded there a little in coming up. In a few days more barges and light-draught packets will find plenty of employment. The Minnesota river is also falling rapidly.

We think that intelligence will be received to-day of boats being detained on the Lower Rapids. If so, new arrangements of an important character will be introduced in the St. Louis and St. Paul packet lines. We refer to the usual plan during low water of running a packet line in two portions—one portion above the rapids and the other below. The decline continued at Keokuk at latest accounts, and also above Dubuque, and the Missouri is falling below St. Joseph and above. Fair shipments are yet going on southern steamers. We learn that the Vicksburg packet Luminary, leaving to-day, will have an excellent trip.

CINCINNATI.—Saturday's *Commercial* says: Capt. Jno. Kyle's new steamer Cheyenne leaves for Parkersburg this evening in place of the Fleetwood, and will continue in the trade during low water. She is bran new and furnished in elegant style, and will be in charge of the Fleetwood's officers and crew.

Captain Muhleman has also entered the Potomac in the Pomeroy trade, during low water, leaving here every Wednesday and Saturday—departing to-day.

The Potomac reshipped 800 kegs of nails and 25 stoves for St. Louis on the Abeona, and considerable Ohio river freight on the Havana. The latter leaves to-day, and will hereafter depart for Evansville every Tuesday and Saturday.

Billy McIntire having purchased an eighth interest in the Portsmouth and Pomeroy packet, Kate Henderson, resigned his position as clerk of the Havana, and will take charge of the office of the Henderson. The interest purchased is an eighth of Captain Henderson's interest, and at the rate of $12,000 for the whole boat. Captain W. G. Voris, of the Alaska, succeeds Mr. McIntire in the Havana's office.

STEAMBOATS FOR SALE.

The Allegheny River Navigation Co. offer for sale Steamer ECHO No. 3, 158 feet on deck, 30 feet beam, 16 inch cylinders, 5½ feet stroke. Steamer IDA REES No. 2, 156 feet on deck, 30 feet beam, 15 inch cylinders, 5 feet stroke, with all their Tackle and Outfit in good running order.

Inquire of JAS. REES, Engine Builder.

FOR SALE,

THE STAUNCH TOWBOAT LARK,

Built in 1865, now in complete running order, and is one of the best Towboats of her size on the river. Apply to

CAPT. A. JACOBS, Brownsville, or
J. C. DOANE,
tf 144 Water street, Pittsburgh.

GEO. H. GHRIEST............AND. J. HASLETT.

GHRIEST & HASLETT

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General Steamboat Freight Agents,

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GENERAL STEAMBOAT AGENT,

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WHEELING, W. VA

GET A GOOD SAW,

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL
PATENT GROUND
TEMPERED
WARRANTED
CAST STEEL SAW

And Your Mill will do Good Work

Our Saws are Oil Tempered, Patent Ground, made to Run well.

You will find each Saw of one temper, no hard and soft spots in the same saw.

We accomplish this by our Patent Tempering Process, and you can not get this from any other saw maker, as we own the patents for the United States.

We do not claim to make a cheaper Saw than any one else, but one that will run at the word *go*, and will give no trouble, and will keep round longer; because being uniform with temper, it will not wear on one side faster than the other.

We invite correspondence, or an interview with the practical man of your firm.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SNOWDON WORKS,

Brownsville, Pa.

J. N. SNOWDON,

MACHINIST,

ENGINE BUILDER

AND

STEAMBOAT CONTRACTOR.

Having Leased the well-known Works formerly carried on by John Snowdon & Sons, and possessing ample facilities for completing contracts in the above line, I am now prepared to engage for work to be done on the best terms and in the shortest time possible. I propose to BUILD STEAMBOATS ENTIRE or furnish any part of the Machinery.

I would especially ask attention to my facilities for, and experience in, the construction of

IRON VESSELS.

For which I am prepared to contract.

Refer to the manufacturers and business men of Pittsburgh generally.

J. N. SNOWDON,
4p BROWNSVILLE, PA.

WOOL, WOOL.

500,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted,

At the old established Wool House,

No. 72 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh.

The highest market price paid in cash at all times for all grades clean washed good conditioned Wool.

WILLIAM BARKER, Jr. & CO.
d'4p

GOOD INVESTMENT—I OFFER for sale the Water Works of Salem, Ohio, which are now supplying the village with good soft Spring Water. There is also sufficient power to be had to run a Factory in connection. To a party wishing a good investment this is a rare opportunity. For further information address

D. KOLL, Proprietor,
Salem, Ohio.

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AT NOS. 55 AND 57 FIFTH STREET.

AUCTION SALES—DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, WATCHES, CUTLERY, &c,

EVERY EVENING (Saturdays excepted), at o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth street.

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & McCLELLAND,
tf Auctioneers.

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National Bank of Commerce,

Cor. SIXTH and WOOD STREETS.

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tf	Geo. W. Cass.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Wood Street, corner of Second.

A. BRADLEY, President.
W. VANKIRK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

Capital, - $400,000.

Collections made on all points in the United States on most Favorable terms.

Particular attention given to the Purchase and Sale of Government Bonds.

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JOHN C. RISHER,	J. V. McDONALD,
d	JOHN F. DRAVO.

ALLEGHENY TRUST COMPANY

A BANK OF

Discount and Deposit,

No. 67 Diamond, Allegheny, Pa.

DISCOUNTS EVERY TUESDAY EVENING.

Bank open Daily (except Sundays) from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Six Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

OFFICERS:

JOSEPH MYERS, President.
W. A. REED, Cashier.
WILLIAM HAMILTON, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

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ROBERT LEA,	JOS. LAUTNER,
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BANKERS,

No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh.

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Collections Made on all the Principal Points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES *BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.*

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of UNITED STATES SECURITIES. eod

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BANKERS AND BROKERS,

CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS

PITTSBURGH, PA.

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)

Dealers in EXCHANGE, COIN, COUPONS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of GOVERNMENT BONDS,

SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON

FINANCIAL.

640 MILES

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

Are now finished and in operation. Sixty miles of track have been laid this spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty-thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in 1869 instead of 1870. The means provided are ample, and all that energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this

GREAT NATIONAL WORK,

At the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive:

I.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

II.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

III.—THE GOVERNMENT GRANT of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest, but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now much more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

IV.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the U. S. Bonds, issued for the same purpose, and *no more*. THE GOVERNMENT PERMITS the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class Railroad, laid with a heavy T rail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, carshops, locomotives, cars, &c.

V.—A CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIPTION from the stockholders, of which *over Eight Million Dollars* have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

VI.—NET CASH EARNINGS on its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through business that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific, but they certainly prove that FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount, are secure beyond any contingency.

The Company have abundant means in their treasury, and make no appeal to the public to purchase their Bonds, as the daily subscriptions are entirely satisfactory; but they submit that, for entire security and liberal returns, there is certainly no better investment in the market.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for $1,000 each and have coupons attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's Office in the City of New York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The Principal is payable in gold at maturity. At the present rate of gold, these bonds pay an annual income on their cost of

NEARLY NINE PER CENT.,

AND IT IS BELIEVED THAT THEY MAY SOON BE AT A PREMIUM.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually paid at the Company's office before the time of such advance.

Parties subscribing will remit the par value of the bonds and the accrued interest in currency at the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date on which the last coupon was paid. Subscriptions will be received in Pittsburgh by

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
Corner Fourth and Wood streets.
S. McClean & Co.,
75 Fourth street.
Hart, Caughey & Co.,
Corner Third and Wood streets.
Robinson Bros.,
Phil R. Mertz,
Corner Fifth and Wood streets.

And in New York at the

Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street,

AND BY

John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No. 59 Wall street,

And by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, the Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the Means of Construction, and the Value of the Bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's offices or to any of the advertised Agents.

JOHN J. CISCO,

TREASURER,

NEW YORK.

MAY 25, 1868. TThs*

W. G. ANDERSON,

FRANKSTOWN ROAD, NEAR THE GREENSBURG TURNPIKE, EAST LIBERTY,

Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of

CIGARS, of the very best brands;
TOBACCO, SNUFF, &C.

Also, ALL THE LATE PERIODICALS OF THE DAY.

☞ Orders for the PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL received and promptly attended to.